The Constitution.

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DAILY CONSTITUTION.

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WEATHER REPORT, AUGUST 30.

Reported by P. H. Mell, Jr., Chemist and Meteorologist, Dept. Agriculture.

HEIGHT OF BAROMETER.

7 A.M	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	
28.872	28 923	28.914	Average height for day 28.906

TEMPERATURE.

Temperature of air in shade.

7 A.M	2 P.M	9 P.M	
78°	91°	80°	Mean temp'ture for day 83°.

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun 150°

Maximum temperature for day 91°
Minimum temperature for day 78°

MOISTURE.

Evaporation during the last 24 hours .30 of an inch.

Per cent. of moisture in the air:

7 A.M	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	
67	41	74	Average for the day 60.6.

WIND

blew during the day from the west at the rate of 4.5 miles per hour. This is equal to a pressure of 2 ounces per square foot of surface.

Fair at 2 P M. Cloudy at 9 P.M. Hazy at 9 P.M. Radiation from the earth during night of 29th: 61°

Maximum temperature for the night of the 29th 85°

Minimum temperature for the night of the 29th. 78°

PROBABILITIES:—South Atlantic States, slightly lower barometer, south-east to southwest winds and generally warmer, clear and partly cloudy weather, are probable.

Gulf States, slight changes in pressure, winds mostly from southwest to southeast, and generally clear or partly cloudy weather.

Tennessee and Ohio Valley, slight change in barometer, southerly to westerly winds, and partly cloudy weather and rain areas.

Middle States, lower barometer, winds mostly from southwest to southeast, and warmer, partly cloudy weather, with occasional rains.

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 110 and closed at 109¾.

MIDDLING UPLANDS closed in New York at 11¼. In Liverpool at 6.

THE primary election system, says the Dalton Enterprise, under proper safeguards, allows a free expression by the people, at which the humblest citizen can deposit his ballot. We hope to see it adopted in this county.

THE CARTERSVILLE AMATEURS

A Successful Entertainment.

CARTERSVILLE, Aug. 30.

The Cartersville Amateurs gave on last evening one of the most excellent entertainments ever given in city.

At an early hour the city hall was filled with an intelligent and appreciative audience, and the excitement was considerable, as this was to be the initial performance of this club. The greater part of the entertainment was a dramatic performance. The play was Tom Taylor's comedy, "Still Waters Run Deep." The following dramatis personæ appeared:

Mr. Potter.....Harry J Erwin
Capt Hawksley.....Chas F K Rowland
John Mildmay.....C. Willingham
Jessop.....Tommie Stovall
Giraler.....C B Willingham
Markham.....James Walker
Langford.....J A raker
Mrs Sternhold.....Miss Mattie Hardy
Mrs Mildmay.....Miss Eloise Stovall

All the actors performed splendidly. Messrs. Erwin, Rowland and Willingham show remarkable talents, Misses Hardy and Stovall would compare favorably with any professional actresses. The manner in which the play was received by the audience was its greatest compliment. Although the weather was oppressively warm, the audience was perfectly orderly and remarkably attentive. All were delighted, and even the most severe critic could have nothing to complain of.

After the play was concluded Miss Clara Stovall, recently from Augusta, sang "Isolina." The audience was enchanted. Her voice, which is naturally clear and sweet, has been trained by the best teachers in the north, and her singing was perfectly beautiful. She was encored, and gratified the audience by repeating the song. We could have listened to her for hours without tiring.

Owing to some accident, three other pieces of music were omitted. The audience regretted this very much.

The entertainment was concluded by the performance of "A Conjugal Lesson," by Miss E. Stovall and Cornelius Willingham. No pen can describe the inimitable manner in which this excellent little piece was performed. The audience was uproarious in its applause. Never before in this city has any piece taken so well. Mr. Willingham, son of the gifted and popular editor of the Express, acted remarkably well. So also did Miss Stovall.

The whole entertainment was a perfect success. Every one wishes it repeated. This was the first time the amateurs have appeared and they have some remarkably talented members.

The Cartersville brass band discoursed sweet music. They play splendidly. Two blushing little beauties from Atlanta, Misses W and C Howard, enlivened the audience and inspired your correspondent by the loveliness.

Let us have another entertainment by the amateurs. X. Y. Z.

A Card from Col. Billups.

From the Athens Georgian.

MADISON, GA., August 26, 1876.

Dr. H. H. Carlton, Editor Athens Georgian:

DEAR SIR: I have received, in the past two weeks, communications from individual citizens of nine counties of the 9th district, requesting me to allow my name to go before the democratic convention called to nominate a candidate for congress. Professional engagements have allowed me to acknowledge receipt of but few of those communications; I therefore respectfully ask leave to make a general reply through your columns.

I appreciate very highly the compliment paid me, the more highly because it was entirely unexpected.

I regard it as not only the right, but the duty of the people to choose their representatives without reference to the wishes or desires of aspirants. Under no circumstances would I engage in the "scramble" for office, which is the disgrace of the day, or seek to influence the selection of delegates to the convention; but should the people of the 9th district, through the convention, indicate that I am their choice for representative in congress, I could not be insensible to such an honor, and would accept the nomination.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
J. A. BILLUPS.

—And now the thoughtless man who, in the wild, reckless frenzy of pain and rage, hurled all the stove-pipe from every room in the house into a disjointed mass in the wood shed last spring, weeps over the rusty scrap heap, and wishes he had blacked them and put them carefully away in a dry place. But what good does it do to repine? He will stand on the back porch and shoot them all out into the wood shed again next spring, all the same.

HOW, HORATIO!

THE NEW YORK CONVENTION IN SESSION AT SARATOGA.

Ex-Gov. Seymour Nominated to Carry the Banners of Reform—A Stirring Platform and Great Enthusiasm—Other Political News.

In Session.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—The democratic state convention assembled at noon. The hall was handsomely decorated, and much good feeling was manifested also by the many spectators. Hon Rufus W. Peckham was chosen as the temporary chairman and addressed the convention.

At Work.

SARATOGA, August 30.—Hiram Gray presided.

Horatio Seymour and John Kelly were chosen electors at large.

The Platform.

SARATOGA, August 30.—The democratic party of New York hereby, with cordial unanimity, ratify the nominations of the St. Louis national democratic convention of Samuel J. Tilden for president, and of Thomas A. Hendricks for vice president of the United States.

The democratic party of New York when selecting delegates to the great convention then declared and now again declare their solid conviction that a return to the constitutional principles, the frugal expenditure and the administrative purity of the founders of the republic is the first and most imperious necessity of the times, the commanding issue now before the people of this union

The democratic party of New York have declared and now again declare the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden, while it insures the vote New York will be approved throughout the union as the incarnation of the vital issues and the guarantee of a successful achievement of the work of national regeneration and reform.

The democratic party of New York reaffirm the principles set forth in their Syracuse platform of 1874, and which has twice been approved by the ballot boxes of the Empire State, and upon which the St. Louis convention, representing the democrats of the whole United States, have set the seal of their faith and their adoption, and they incorporate therein as a part of this platform the said Syracuse platform of 1875, and the St. Louis national democratic platform of 1876.

Resolved, That we condemn all interference with constitutional amendments, and all violations of law, holding that all the people in all states alike, regardless of race, color, or condition, are entitled to equal protection, and that all orders, practices and opinions, whereby the public order and peace are disturbed, should receive public rebuke and punishment according to the offence committed. We recommend that the people of our state at the coming elections do approve and ratify the two proposed constitutional amendments as being well devised means for securing henceforth a more economical and efficient administration of the prisons and the canals of the state and for forcing upon the officers charged with their management a responsibility to the people, and we favor such a reduction of tolls upon, and an economical management of the canals as will most subserve the interests of the state and of all men engaged in the canal traffic.

"Resolved; that we as American citizens and democrats, devoted to the union of the states, and to the honor and good name of the federal government, we do hereby enter our solemn protest against the recent order of the secretary of war, approved by the president of the United States, to place government troops in the southern states with a view to intimidate the people and to control their elections. A government by the bayonet to take the place of a government through the ballot is an outrage which demands the condemnation of all who love republican freedom and hate the despotic power at Washington.

Horatio to the Front.

SARATOGA, August 30.—Horatio Seymour was nominated by acclamation.

Gov. Lewis for Tilden.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., August 30.—Hon. Jere N. Williams is nominated for congress from the third district by the democrats.

Hon. David P. Lewis, last republican governor of Alabama, is out in a letter declaring himself for Tilden and reform.

War on the Printers

WASHINGTON, August 30.—Public printer Clapp has issued a circular ordering the discharge of all whom the foremen of the several branches find deficient as skilful workmen.

From the Indian War.

Intelligence received at the army headquarters is to the effect that Crook and Terry believe their war against the Indians to be ultimately at an end in all respects. The country in which the Indians now are affords but little support, and they may disperse into small bands, but troops are so divided as to render them powerless from mischief. Since Custer's massacre temporary military posts and departments for supplies have been established which will aid materially the military operations, and hem in the savages from escape.

Recruiting is progressing satisfactorily, and in a short time all authorized will be obtained.

Connecticut Radicalism.

NEW HAVEN, August 30.—The convention of the republican state convention. Jewell, president of the convention, nominated the following electoral ticket at large. Ex-President Theodore D. Wolfsey of Yale college and Hon. Marshall Jewell. The district electors was also chosen and old stock ticket renominated new.

Another Nomination.

MONTGOMERY, August 30.—Col. H. A. Herbert, of Montgomery county, has been nominated for congress by the democrats of the second district.

THAT $400.

Gov. Hayes Interviewed by Chaplain Harper About Deserter Monkey.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

COLUMBUS, August 23.—The political sensation of the day, and one that bids fair to last through the rest of the campaign, has just come to light. Readers of the Enquirer will remember the publication some weeks since of a statement from Chaplain Harper, late of the thirteenth regiment West Virginia Volunteers, to the effect that in August, 1864, he received from a deserter, just before he was shot, $400 in money and two watches which were to be turned over to his (the deserter's) relatives, and that after the execution had taken place Gen. Hayes, who was in command of the division of the army, summoned the chaplain to headquarters and compelled him to give up the money to him. This statement had been repeated with great exactness of detail from two or three other sources, but no notice was taken of the matter either by Gov. Hayes or any of the party managers. It was supposed that they intended to pass it by in silence, neither admitting nor denying, just as they do the proofs of Col. Barnes' crusading record, and this would doubtless have been pursued had they been allowed to do so.

A CALL ON THE GOVERNOR.

Yesterday morning Chaplain Harper arrived here from Charleston, West Virginia, and with him came Gen. Russell Hastings, Gen. Thomas M. Turner and Major Wm. McKinley, all of whose names were, in one way or another, connected with the transaction. The chaplain made a call on the governor at once, and explained the nature of his business, which was so establish the fact of his having turned over the $400 to him.

A PRIVATE CONFERENCE.

The governor accorded him a brief hearing, and then invited him to go over to his residence, where they could talk over the matter without danger of being disturbed. The conference continued all the forenoon, and during its progress Major McKinley and Generals Turner and Hastings were present, while Gen. Comly, of this city, was called in. The meeting, of course, was strictly a secret one, though, as usual in such cases, the most of it came to light.

COMLY DENIES IT.

After the party separated, Chaplain Harper read his story, which he had written out, depicting all the circumstances with great exactness of detail, claiming at the same time that Gen. Comly, who was then colonel of the twenty third Ohio regiment, was in Hayes' headquarters and saw him pay over the money. Gen. Comly denied this, however, saying that he had never been a witness, to any such transaction. The story of Col. Brown, who was at that time in command of the thirteenth West Virginia regiment, and which was published in the Enquirer last week, was also reviewed, but its production failed to bring out any new light in the the case.

GOVERNOR HAYES' STATEMENT.

Governor Hayes said after the Chaplain's recital had been concluded, that he was not prepared to contradict what he had stated. He had an indistinct recollection of some of the circumstances of the case. He remembered the man being shot, but if there was any money paid over to him, he felt sure he had turned it over to the judge advocate who sentenced him. In the multitude of events that had crowded upon him during the twelve years that had elapsed since the thing occurred, he had to admit that his memory had grown dim as to the exact circumstances. Still he felt sure that if the money came into his hands he paid it to the judge advocate, with instructions that it be sent back to the county which had paid the money to the deserter, for he was a bounty jumper, to enable them to procure another man to take his place. This statement, however, didn't fully meet the case, though it threw the burden of proof on another man, who is now dead. Telegrams were at once sent to his executors in Astabula county to examine his papers with a view of obtaining any memorandum he might have made of the money, but so far no tidings have been received of their search.

SUPPRESSING THE NEWS.

At the same time a written statement of the conference was prepared and given to the correspondents of the Cincinnati Times and the Columbus Dispatch, with the understanding that they were to appear to-day. Neither paper published them, however, and it looks as though some new fact had been brought to light that needs explanation. Chaplain Harper, though not altogether satisfied with the results of his interview, left town to-day. He will he heard from yet probably.

ANOTHER VIEW OF THE QUESTION.

There is another pertinent question still in this case which should be borne in mind, and that is, was the deserter or bounty jumper executed under the sentence of a court martial? If he was not, there could have been no judge advocate to pay the money to, and Gov. Hayes' theory for it, if a theory, fails to hold good. An officer of one of the regiments stationed at Monocacy Junction, where the execution took place, and who witnessed it, was interviewed by your correspondent. He says that the deserter, who was known there by the name of "Monkey," was brought into the lines one day and shot the next. Had there been a court-martial in the regular form, their findings would necessarily have to go to the president for approval, to be examined by him and returned to headquarters, and this could not possibly have been accomplished within twenty-four hours. His recollection of the circumstance is that "Monkey," who had a half-dozen aliases, was a well-known bounty-jumper, and an order was issued by Lincoln that when he should be caught he should be immediately shot, and the fact of his summary execution is a proof of this. He remembers of their brigade being drawn up in line, and of seeing the man shot, but he never heard of any court-martial sitting in the case, and said it would be impossible for one to condemn try, and execute a man in such short order.

Agnes Ethel's Fortune.

From New York Graphic.

A paragraph which has been floating through the press of the country has doubtless informed you that Mrs. Frank Tracy, nee Agnes Ethel, with her husband, living here, has succeeded to the $200,000 of property recently left by her mother-in-law. Such indeed is the case. Mrs. Tracy has lost much of the beauty of her face since she married, though rumor currently reports that she and Mr. Tracy have been married before. Her features have now assumed a Celtic cast, while tantalizing freckles and cold gray eyes do not add a charm. It must be admitted and most graciously, too, that Mrs. Tracy is at once the most elegant, and at the same time tasteful dressers in the city, her costumes being individually works of art. Since going into mourning with her husband for the late Mrs. Albert H. Tracy, Mrs. Frank Tracy has displayed suits from her carriage which contained beauties unimagined in sombre cloths.

—All the "swell" people have their own carriages at Saratoga, with servants in livery. These fortunate people look so conscious of their grandeur as they sweep through the hall, across the piazza, and down the steps! They loll back in their carriages, as though it was "too good for anything" to be there.

SCARLET STAINS.

A BOY MURDERER IN ANNAPOLIS.

A Terrible Western Water Spout—Negro Ku-Kluxism in Louisiana—A Heavy Fire.

Telegram to the Constitution.

AUGUSTA, August 30.—Sheriff Jordan of Aiken county and his posse killed a man named Porter to-day at Wendacr on the South Carolina railroad. The sheriff had a warrant for his arrest. Fearing resistance Porter was fired upon.

Murderers Arrested.

WILKESBARRE, PENN., August 30.—The persons arrested for the murder of Crosby Brady, allege that Brady was stealing oil at the time and the Mollie McGuires had nothing to do with the murder.

The Yellow Fever.

SAVANNAH, August 30.—The yellow fever here is not epidemic. There have been only 39 reported cases during the season, and ten deaths up to date. The excitement has subsided.

The Late Suicide.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The person who committed suicide in Orange City, N. J., was C. L. Austin, formerly apothecary on board the United States vessel Monongahela.

A Ten Year Old Murderer.

ANNAPOLIS, Aug. 30.—A boy ten years old, named Nelson Cheney, living on South river, six miles from here, to-day shot and killed his cousin, also a boy ten years old, with a shot gun. The boy murderer was committed to jail to await the action of the courts. His parents claim that the killing was accidental.

A Destructive Water-Spout.

ST. LOUIS, August 30.—Advices from Hayes City, Kansas, say a water-spout burst in Kill Creek valley, Osborn county, last Saturday evening, and flooded the entire bottom in about fifteen minutes. Horses, cattle, crops, &c., were swept away. and Mrs. Green and Mrs. Brighton and her two children were drowned.

Negro Kukluxism in Louisiana.

MONROE, LA., Aug. 30.—This city and vicinity is excited over the firing into several residences and attempts to kill planters living below here. Several white families from that vicinity are here for safety. There is no cause for this outrage, which throws the entire parish into excitement. Appeals have been made to volunteer companies here for assistance.

The Columbian Revolution.

PANAMA, Augus 21.—The revolution in Columbia continues.

American gold 20 per cent premium, and exchange high and hard to get.

The president of Costa Rica is overthrown and a provisional government established.

A Chinese riot occurred at Fisjills.

An overseer was murdered by Asiatics, some of whom were shot by indignant people.

The Dom's Travels.

MADRID, August 30.—The government of Porto Rico has been officially notified of the royal decree ordering the issue of indemnity bonds to owers of liberated slaves.

The emperor of Brazil is shortly expected here. During his sojourn he will be received into membership of the society of political economy. King Alfonso will preside at the reception.

The Papal Election.

ROME, September 30.—It is affirmed that the cardinals have unanimously resolved to omit certain ceremonies in the election of a new pope in order to keep the conclave free from foreign powers.

Release From Obligation.

VIENNA, August 30.—It is stated that Prince Nicholas of Montenegro has informed Milan that he need not consider himself bound by the agreement made at the beginning of the war that neither should separately enter upon peace negotiations.

A Battle.

RAGUSA, Aug. 30.—It is reported that a battle was fought at Pogoritza yesterday, but details are wanting.

Ielalodden Pasha's command, including ten guns, has reached Trebinje unopposed.

Stiffening their Backbones.

CETTINGE, Aug. 30.—A Montenegrin official newspaper publishes an article rejecting foreign mediation and declaring that Montenegro and Servia will not abandon the conflict until the Sclavonic princes are freed from the Turkish yoke.

Keen Anxiety.

LONDON, August 30.—A special from Belgrade to the Times says the keenest anxiety is felt there of an armistice. Every day increases the danger of the war spreading. The Servian army is fast becoming a Russian auxiliary force, fighting on Servian soil. The Russians are exposing themselves in the brunt of battle with remarkable valor. Out of forty-eight men who fought as a company at Alexanitz thirty were left dead on the field.

Afraid of the Russians.

The Servians are becoming jealous and afraid of the Russians, and feel the control of their army slipping from their hands, and will joyfully accept peace if it can be odtained on good terms. The seven days fighting before Alexanitz has been greatly exaggerated The estimated Servian entire loss is only a few hundred killed and about 2,300 wounded. No lists of killed and wounded have been published since the beginning of the war.

Mediation in Progress.

BELGRADE, August 30.—It is announced that diplomatic agents have handed the ministry a joint note from their respective governments, declaring that they will take mediation into their own hands, and have directed their ambassadors how to proceed to stop hostilities.

VIENNA, August 29.—A council of ministers has been held at Constantinople to consider peace proposals, to be handed the grand vizier separately. Russia opposed the conditions that Servia should first sue directly for peace to the porte, but has abandoned that position.

A Dead Composer.

LONDON, August 30.—Felicien Cæzar David, a well known musical composer, is dead.

A Heavy Railroad Fire.

CINCINNATI, August 30.—The Dayton Short-line railroad depot and contents were destroyed by fire this morning. The fire originated amongst a lot of coal oil barrels. The depot was a brick building 400x80 feet, valued at $25,000. An unusually large amount of freight was stored in the building, belonging principally to merchants of this city. The loss on freight is from $150,000 to $200,000, upon which there was very little if any insurance. As the law makes railroad companies responsible for goods stored in freight houses, only for a period of 24 hours, a large part of the loss will fall upon consignees, most of the freight having been stored two or three days.

Cheap Coal.

NEW YORK, August 30.—The retail dealers have reduced the price of coal one dollar per ton.

THE REGATTA.

Another Day's Exciting Sport.

Telegram to the Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—There was a strong head breeze and the water was a little rough. Courtney of Union Springs, beat Akerman of Atalanta Yates of Union Springs, won the second scull heat.

At 3:30 the great race of all was started between the Beaverwicks rowing club of Albany, with a crew of J. T McCormick, bow; J. H. McEntree, second; R. T. Gorman, third; T. J. Gorman, stroke; and the London rowing club, England, the crew being R. H. Labatt, bow; F. S. Golston, second; A. Prower, third; J. O. Howell, stroke. The Watkins boat club of New York, with A. McLafferty, bow; J. Still, second; A. Terrell, third; and J. Wakeman, stroke. The boats were in the order named—Beaverwicks being on the west, London in the middle, and Watkins on the east.

At the start the Beaverwicks got away on its boat first, and after twenty or thirty strokes they led by a full length, leaving the London and Watkins level. The Watkins spurted, and the London was last. In another 50 yards they were all running on equal terms. The Beaverwick again spurted ahead, and the Watkins tried hard to do so, but the London spurted also, and held their own for some moments. The Watkins again dashed past them and actually led by a quarter of a length, leaving the London and the Beaverwicks running level near the shore. All were running very close together near the western bank, and when Peter's Island was sighted they were so near that a foul seemed inevitable, but they did not touch, for the Watkins steered out and spurted ahead a length. When just off the island the Watkins fell off badly, and the London pulled ahead in magnificent style, but they now commenced to steer wildly and headed direct for the grand stand on the shore, and did not alter their course materially until very near the finish, when they turned sharply westward of Peter's island, and as before stated London was leading by a length and the Beaverwicks quickened their stroke and tugged at their oars a while for the first time. The Londons perceptibly plied every nerve they possessed. The last few strokes the boats were running neck and neck, so that the result could not be seen, and the multitude of people waited patiently but excitedly until the Beaverwick's colors floated in the umpire's boat.

Then came such a cheer, followed by a second and third, and screeching, shouting, waiving of hats, renewed cheering and the wildest possible enthusiasm. All the steamboats sounded their whistles and tolled their bells to add to the general jubilee, and the whole formed a scene which cannot be described. It can only be remembered the time was 9:06 for Beaverwicks; London was about one-fourth of a second later, and Watkins came in at 9:08¼. The London crew then claimed a foul, explaining that the other boats were out of their course and impeded the London boat very much at one point mentioned above. The claim was not allowed.

Thomas of Pennsylvania club, Mingres of Vesper, and Frank Pleasant won the remainder of the scull heats.

The great prize won to-day by the Beaverwicks is a handsome silver cup valued at $1,000. Each member of the crew will have a gold medal, and each member of the second boat, London, a silver medal. These prizes are contributed and paid for out of the funds collected by the regatta committee.

SUBSIDY SARGENT'S SCHEME.

The Hawaiian Treaty and its Advantages to the Sugar Ring Which Prompted Its Passage.

THAT HAWAIIAN TREATY.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 20.—Subsidy Sargent, who misrepresents this state in the United States senate, succeeded at the last moment of the session, in getting his Hawaiian sugar-ring bill through. The "state reasons," assigned that we wanted such a treaty, so that we could establish a naval harbor there as a defense against England, France, or any other power, was a very thin argument. The main point is that these islands produce about 25,000,000 pounds of sugar annually, which, under this treaty, the sugar refiners of San Francisco can import duty free. About 2,000,000 pounds of rice are yearly produced there, which we can also now

GOBBLE FREE OF DUTY.

The products we send those semi-naked barbarians are hardly worth mentioning. So this "reciprocity" treaty seems to be a one-sided arrangement. But it has one redeeming feature in that it opens up an inviting field for our shave-headed fellow-citizens—the Chinese. Within the last few months, in anticipation of this treaty, many of our capitalists have gone to the islands for the purpose of swindling the Kanakas out of their lands, and going into the sugar-raising business on a large scale. Every steamer bound for Kanaka land has taken a cargo on pig-tails. Could we ship

OUR UNWASHED HOODLUMS

there, we would indeed be a doubly-blessed community. Steamers reach the islands in 10 and 12 days. The production of sugar will now largely increase. It is estimated that the remission of duties on sugar will enhance its value at least two cents a pound. The exports last year was 25,000,000 pounds. This is a clear gain of $500,000 yearly to the "ring," even if the production does not increase. But it surely will. About $50,000 a year will be made on the removal of duty from rice. The remission of duties on other exported articles will be about $100,000 yearly, making $650,000. But, under the new order of things, these industries will be largely cultivated, and in a few years our profits by this remission of duties will amount to a cool thousand annually. Already our moneyed kings are talking about running a submarine telegraph to Honolulu. These islands were once offered to Great Britain, but

SHE WOULD NOT HAVE THEM

as a gift, though they are as geographically convenient to her several colonies as to San Francisco. Probably she thought what was not worth paving for was not worth having. La Belle France at one time made an indirect attempt to capture Honolulu, for some imaginary grievance, but finally settled the matter on a cash basis. It is taken for granted by our "far-seeing statesmen" here, that this treaty is the first step toward our acquisition of these island—that it is decreed by fate and the sugar ring.

VILE KANAKAS.

The dirty Kanakas now inhabiting these islands are descendants of the once high spirited and noble Polinesians, but by laziness and immorality they have degenerated and decreased until they number less than 50,000. The population of the islands is gradually decreasing by their natural disease—leprosy—and other diseases immorality is heir to Like poor Lo, their species will soon be played out. After unloading a few more thousand Chinamen upon them, we may have the gratifying intelligence of an occasional row, but in either event their loss will be our gain.

THE HAWAIIAN LEGISLATURE

is divided into two grand unnatural divisions—a house of nobles and a house of representatives. The nobles, or senators are appointed by the king, and the representatives are elected by the "unwashed,"—just as our congressmen are. During the legislative sessions these "representatives" and "nobles," dress up and go in their shirt-tails; at other times they simply wear a breech-clout and a plug hat.

Better Times.

Athens Watchman.

The splendid provision crops now made and maturing give promise of more prosperous times, and we hazard nothing in predicting that the coming business season will be one of unusual activity and that our people will be in a much better condition next year than they have been since the outbreak of the war.

In making this prediction, we are aware of the fact that many persons will have no confidence in it, because they believe cotton will be low. This is a superficial view. Grant that cotton will be lower than it has been since the war, as we think probably will be the case, whatever it brings will be put in circulation. With abundant provision supplies, cotton is better at 8 or 10 cents than at 20 cents, when it absorbs the entire crop to buy provisions at high prices. If our crop brings forty millions, and it takes that amount or more to supply man and beast with food, we will be left without a circulating medium. It is better to sell twenty bales or any other quantity at eight cents and retain the money, than to get twenty cents for it and be compelled to send it all away for necessary supplies. These propositions are self-evident and need no argument to establish their validity.

Blessed as our country is by a beneficent Providence with fine crops, it should be the first object of every prudent man to get out of debt as soon as possible. Debt is the most cruel of all task masters, and no man should be thus embarrassed a moment longer than is absolutely necessary.

Having got upon their feet this year by raising provisions, we trust our farmers will continue the good work hereafter and that we may have no more cause to complain of "hard times."

—Women will suggest a thousand excuses to themselves for the folly of those they like.

—An Englishman complains that American noses are not beautiful. May be they are not in shape, but in color we can make an English nose feel pale.

—A Kentucky woman has named her twins Tilden and Hendricks; and thus the good work goes on.

—Chin music don't make manhood any more than a dirty gosling does a clean goose.

—George Sand's favorite amusement was making preserves, and that fact probably gave rise to the report that she had once assisted at the can-can.

—Maggie Mitchell has purchased from C. M. Tayleure an original American comedy drama, entitled "Becky Mix," and will produce it early next season.

—Danbury News: The appearance of a brunette dressed in white will make a conversationalist of almost any blonde.

—The back-bone of summer has been broken, but it will not do to rely upon its staying broke.

—The average girl of the period prefers a young man without sisters. He's so much greener.

—A little girl was asked what was the meaning of the word happy. She replied, "It is to feel as if you wanted to give up all your things to your little sister."

—Times are hard and everything has a downward tendency except bustles, which still keep at the fashionable height.

—It is estimated that of an average million of men and women, 2,153 live to be ninety-five years old. Many a man, however, is an old woman at forty.

—The reigning belle at Cape May is a red haired girl from Cincinnati. The day is coming when a Milwaukee woman with a wart on her nose may be the heroine in a novel.

—"Peter, don't you enjoy the astronomical phenomena these evenings?" said a well to do citizen to his colored servant the other evening. "Clare to goodness, I never tried 'em; mushmelon is my favorite fruit."

—Olive Logan warns the fashionable women of New York that they must be more temperate in their drinking, and points to a certain beautiful and captivating lady who is now compelled to pass her life in a sequestered "retreat" because of her disposition to get on what is vulgarly termed a "bender."

—Common sense teaches us that if a man perpetually whirls on his axis at a rate of speed maintained by the earth, he would undergo a terrible attack of vertigo, and until some scientific person goes to the pole and returns in good condition, we should decline to accept the airy assertion that sailors can visit that locality without danger, or indeed with the slightest hope of ever coming back again.—N. Y. Times.

—Would you like to catch sight of a fashionable Saratoga foot—a female one? Well, there it is resting on the green sward there—clad in the finest of embroidered silk hose, encased in a white kid sandal, clasped over the ankle by some kind of a white strap, and that strap united at the front by a glittering rosette, and that rosette—shades Ormus and Ind!—composed entirely of diamonds set in opals. Ah, a dear creature is the owner of that foot, and proud—for see!—how she kicks it out to display it.

—Louis J. Jennings says that a family can live in London for one-half the cost in New York. "That may be true," remarks the Detroit Free Press, "but isn't liberty worth anything?"—liberty to be shot dead at your doorstep, and to feel, with your last breath that your murderer, in a few months' time, will be running for common councilman.

—The young misses at Saratoga and Newport wear the most diminutive and unreal, fleecy and ornamental of breakfast caps, and look pretty and fresh in them, too. Evidently the right hand of the breakfast cap designer has not forgotten its cunning, for the little caps are "too pretty," as the girls all say.

Special Notices.

Thrash's Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer.

CENTRAL RAILROAD & BANK'G CO., OF GEORGIA
ATLANTA, Ga., June 6th, 1876.

Messrs. J. T. Thrash & Co., Griffin, Ga.:

GENTS—Please send me (as before) one largest size bottle of your "*Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer*"—true to name. It is the only remedy now extant for consumption, and diseased throat and lungs. Other remedies, so numerously recommended, are but temporary palliatives, that do any good but for a short time, whilst your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* gives relief at once and will permanently cure. My experience with remedies for the relief of the throat and lungs probably exceeds that of but very few persons, physicians or otherwise. I have been very near the point of dissolution of soul from its afflicted tenement; and have used every remedy ever heard of; the effect appeared only to procrastinate the sufferings of my mortal existence. Seeing Dr. Lovic Pierce's certificate of your medicine, and being well acquainted with the reverend doctor for nearly forty years, and consequently knew well his afflictions, concluded that your remedy might do me good, at least I had never used it, and as I had used every other remedy known or heard of, concluded at last to give it a trial. I sent to you for a bottle, you are aware, and after using it, I purchased more from Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, his city. Before the first was exhausted I was fully convinced of its good effects; and after or, out the time of the use of the last two, I could speak easily, and could sing; a thing I could not have done for three years or longer; and have been able to lie down comfortably and sleep soundly, a comfort that I had not enjoyed for a long time. I have been using the remedy about twenty days, and unhesitatingly certify that it is a *cure for consumption* and all affections of the throat. My lungs commenced exhibiting signs of disease in March, 1868, the result of *measles*, a cough ensued and continued to grow worse. April, 1874, I was so feeble that I could not attend to business of any sort, and was forced to give up and come to Atlanta that I might be near my good old mother to breathe out my last on earth: the *never-tiring* attention of *that mother* and your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* has saved me and I now feel as if my life might be spared me several years longer, Indian remedies, German remedies, and French remedies to the contrary. Respectfully,

JOHN H. MEAD.

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june23—dcod&wtf

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CURES
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june23—dcod&wly—n 1-7-m

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SHORT LINE
RAILROAD.
The Quickest, Best & Only Route
With which Passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia.
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This is the only line running through Pullman Southern Sleeping Cars from New Orleans, Mobile, Jackson, Miss., Montgomery, Grenada, Decatur, Jackson, Tenn., and Nashville to Cincinnati without change, connecting at that point with all lines running Pullman and Wagnon Palace Sleepers to Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Albany, Salamanca, and New York without change.

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Through Sleepers from Atlanta, Chattanooga, Little Rock, Memphis and Vicksburg, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York, Philadelphia, and other cities via this line.

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Exhibition at Philadelphia Tickets via this Line will be sold at all ticket offices in the South and Southwest at greatly reduced rates.

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june8—dtf

THE Texas papers say Gov. Richard Coke will remain in the executive office until the first of January, and that the other Richard, who hails from Georgia, will then try his hand.

WE are to have a new life of Andrew Jackson, and Mr. Montgomery Blair is engaged in writing it. His father was the confidential friend of General Jackson, and he has thus come into the possession of much interesting material that will be utilized in the new work.

Mr. G. W. JENKINS, of Graysville, Ga., will raise this year from a piece of ground "considerably less than a quarter of an acre," seventy-seven bushels of fine Irish potatoes, sixteen bushels of corn and fifty bushels of turnips. The piece also has upon it nineteen young apple trees. The patch will put into its owner's pocket this year a net profit of $110. Who says thorough cultivation does not pay?

THE government now has 24,950 soldiers, and congress foolishly gave the administration permission to recruit 2,500 more. Recruiting is progressing briskly, and there will soon be 20,000 troops that can be spared for an active Hayes and Wheeler campaign in the south. Sitting Bull will not be seriously molested until the radical party has desperately attempted to perpetuate its power by force.

THE formation of democratic clubs composed of colored voters is quite the fashion in Louisiana. The negroes began to discover that they get more employment, better pay and are generally better protected in states ruled by the democrats than in those ruled by the republicans. The cries of the carpet-baggers have lost their power, and the colored voters are beginning to act without fear of the bugbears that the former have selfishly raised up.

KILPATRICK'S panacea, says the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, is being in part supplied from the capital. Orders were issued last week to the employees of the senate that each would be required to fold forty thousand campaign documents for immediate use by the congressional campaign committee. The bulk of the matter being folded is the Gospel of Peace by Morton. If the red shirt will save Indiana to the republicans blue jeans will be so overshadowed by the gory garments that it will not be possible to distinguish their patriotic colors. It is to be the blue versus the red.

THE editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer having been mentioned as a candidate for congressional honors, writes to one of his contemporaries:

In the language of Mr. Sulson Hutchins, "You couldn't shoot an office into me with a double-barreled shot-gun." I never saw a congressman that I didn't feel sorry for. I never heard of but one man in official life whom I sincerely envied, and that was a schweinhirt, in an ancient German village. His business was to take the hogs of the village out into the country every day, care for them, and return them to their pens at nightfall. It seemed to me that this person could enjoy official life. He was secured in his place, his future was secured, and he had the benefit of good society. I held an office. I was journal clerk in the Ohio house of representatives, during the sessions of 1868-69. I did more work than anybody about the establishment, and was compelled to listen to all the speeches besides. My pay was thirty-five dollars a week, and my perquisites amounted to five dollars during my entire service. The late Mr. Nesmith paid me five dollars for making a copy of his celebrated route No. 9 bill. This experience discouraged me. I have been heard to declare that no American citizen should ever put a ballot into a box with my name on it, without my consent. That declaration I will reiterate now, and trust that your widely circulated and universally read paper will give it emphasis. I have seen a great many politicians, and they all seem to be very unhappy and very unsatisfactory.

THE Methodist churches of the two great sections of the country having come to a good understanding, the hope is pretty freely expressed that the Presbyterians will also find the way that leads to fraternization at least. In relation to the latter the Nashville American says:

The Presbyterian church, slow to anger, prudent, cautious, was the last to become divided by politics. It may be said that the war effected the division. It is equally slow to fraternize. The southern church demands the expunging of certain resolutions, to which the northern church will not consent. It may be that both are wrong. It is certain that the southern church cannot resume relations of any kind while a church resolution, admitted to be within the power of the church, stands branding them as traitors. There is no amount of patriotism can demand that want of all self respect. Still the difficulty might be removed. It is perfectly competent for the northern church and southern church ignoring all political action as something not belonging to church authority or pertaining to religion, and out of the power of the church as a church, to revive fraternal relations by admitting the Christian character of both branches. We are one people and all differences should be ignored, forgotten and buried forever out of sight, so no principle is sacrificed.

SOUTH CAROLINA will soon be in a state of seige. As soon as Gen. Crook's command can be called in things will be on a strictly military basis. In accordance with secretary Cameron's recent instructions concerning the political use of the United States army at the south, the following transfers of troops have been ordered: Three companies of the 2d infantry from the department of the gulf to the department of the south; the 16th infantry, now in Kentucky and Tennessee, to Louisiana and Mississippi; companies A and E, 18th infantry, from Atlanta, Ga., to Edgefield, S. C.; company K, 18th infantry, from Greenville to Lawrenceville, S. C.; company E, 5th artillery, from Summerville, and company H, 18th infantry, from Columbia to Blackville, Barnwell county, S. C.,—all to go into camp at the points named with sixty days' rations.

THE CAPE MAY CONFERENCE.

While it is generally believed, in both of the great branches of the Methodist church in this country that the ensuing general conferences will ratify by large majorities, perhaps unanimously the action of the joint commission, yet it is not believed that it will lead to organic union. The subject is freely discussed all over the country, and not a few of the leading journals contain "interviews" of prominent clergymen on the subject. Some of them think, it is true, that the ultimate result, although it may be years before the culmination is reached, will be the union of the two bodies; but most of the interviewed are inclined to think that it simply means the growth of a peace-loving sentiment throughout the church. Each branch seems to be equally well-disposed to fraternal relations, and to co-operation in some at least of the departments of Christian effort—such, for example, as Sunday school and missionary enterprises. Some of the obstacles to a complete union have certainly been removed, and we have yet to see a single sentence against what has been accomplished. The natural ambition of Methodism may lead to results in the course of five or six years that are not now anticipated. No considerable portion of either church however asks or desires organic unity at present, although the way to it is now open. If we were to distinguish between the sentiment of the two churches as thus far expressed, we would have to say that the church north is more anxious for organic union than the church south.

The chief objection urged to unity is the size of the respective bodies. The church north contains 10,923 interant ministers, 12,881 local preachers and 1,580,559 lay members. The church south contains 3,485 itinerant ministers, 5,356 local preachers and 712,755 lay members. The general conference of the united church, says Dr. Steel, of Richmond, "would number nearly fifteen hundred delegates, and no city could entertain them. The ratio of representation would have to be changed before the size could be lessened, and this would involve a constitutional alteration. In this large body the southern church would be in a minority with no resource of self protection but the integrity of the majority." If, says Dr. Tudor, of St. Louis, "these northern members should choose a negro bishop, there would be very few of us in the south who would unite on that." Besides, what disposition could be made of professional agitators like Gilbert Haven? It will be readily seen that all the objections to organic unity were not swept away at Cape May.

Nearly all the northern papers discuss the movement in a political light. They rejoice that the division of thirty-odd years ago, over the question of slavery, has been healed in the year of jubilee—that christian intercourse has taken the place of entire alienation—that another golden link has been forged to bind together the union of states, all in the centennial year. The New York Herald says the movement "is the longest stride yet taken toward that complete reconstruction of which we have all been dreaming ever since the close of the war." Again it says: "As the division of American Methodism was the most significant fact in our history previous to the rebellion, so reunion is the most significant event since reconstruction. Division meant war; reunion means peace. The separation of the churches occurred because the hearts of the people north and south were estranged. Methodism has come together again in one strong and powerful body because sectional jealousies are breaking down. This event means political as well as Christian fraternalization. In taking this great step, American Methodism has bound the union of the states together by a bond which cannot be broken, for it has demonstrated that the hearts of the people are reconciled, and in consequence, both the Christian and the patriot will rejoice in the work which has been accomplished."

One more quotation shall suffice, this time from the Memphis Avalanche: "Thinking men in and out of the church, who are earnest in healing the wounds of the past, who sincerely desire the obliteration of sectional feeling and passions, who believe in the policy of good will and conciliation, have looked confidently to the restoration of the two great sections of the Methodist church. The celebration of the centennial of American independence would be incomplete without a fraternal co-operation and re-union of the Methodist churches north and south. It is a faithful expression of the feelings of our people, that yearn for the removal of the alienation that has so long disturbed the peace, and prosperity and usefulness of the church, and we may add, of the American republic. The intolerance of political organization is giving way to a broader, higher and stronger sentiment of patriotism, and the Methodist churches are a mighty helping hand in the glorious work of harmony and fraternal feeling."

GEN. McCLELLAN'S LETTER.

The distinguished ex-commander of the largest federal army ever gathered together has just published a letter in which he advocates the election of Tilden and Hendricks. It is a calm appeal to his old comrades and thinking men generally, without a discourteous or bitter expression of any kind. And yet it is made the occasion all along the radical line of an attack upon his military career. Instead of discussing the dispassionate and able letter, they attack the record of the man who transformed the demoralized mob that came out of the first Bull Run into "the finest army the United States ever raised." We quote the words of Col. Chesney, the English military critic, and a military authority second only to Jomini.

We regret that the length of General McClellan's letter forbids its publication in these columns; for it is a terse and vigorous statement of the issues involved in this canvass. He first shows the necessity of reform in the government. He shows that no change could come through the election of Mr. Hayes, because the leaders who control and shape the policy of the republican party would be the same after his election as now. "It is now abundantly evident," he adds, "that had not a democratic house been elected in 1874, it would have been impossible to unearth the various instances of maladministration that have come to light, and it is equally clear that until the government passes into the hands of the democrats, we shall never know the whole truth, whatever it may be; and we need to know the truth as to the past, that it may serve to guide us in the future." He conclusively shows that the needed change can only be gained by the election of the candidates of the democratic party.

After discussing the questions of finance and reform, he takes up the southern question. Let us give a paragraph complete:

Generous courtesy towards a fallen but most gallant foe, and selfish policy, alike demand that we should leave no just thing undone that will restore peace and well-being to the south, re-establish fraternal feelings in the hearts of all our people, and cause our recent enemies to be proud of and love the government and the union and its flag. The welfare of the north is inseparable from that of the south, and our country can never attain its full force and vigor until peace, prosperity and good feeling reign throughout its broad domain.

I believe that this can best be reached by respecting the autonomy of the individual states, so long as they respect the obligations of the federal compact.

Of Mr. Tilden he says:

In Mr. Tilden I am confident that we have a candidate possessing all of the requisites that the exigencies of the times demand. In a long career he has given the surest proofs of ability and integrity. It is a very easy thing to preach reform to an opponent, but a very different affair to carry it out in one's own party. This Mr. Tilden has had the rare ability and courage to do. Against great obstacles he commenced and carried through the herculean task of fighting corruption and pursuing the plunderers in his own party, and it is almost superfluous to say that the courage, energy, untiring perseverance and acumen he displayed in those memorable contests prove that he possesses in a most eminent degree the qualities so much needed in our chief magistrate in the present crisis of our affairs.

In conclusion, he calls upon his old comrades of the war to support to the uttermost the election of Mr. Tilden to the presidency. There is no donbt but that the letter will have great weight with them, for he always was a popular commander. His men fairly idolized him, and they will heed his patriotic counsels in this canvass. The soldiers of both sides are in fact arrayed in this campaign, almost solidly, against the plunderers and bloody-shirt flirters, most of whom are in office, and the rest want to get in.

GEN. PHIL COOK, the distinguished member of congress from the third district, is in the city. We congratulate the general upon his renomination, which is now an assured fact.

PITY the sorrows of Judge Taft. He has been retrenched, through a mistake, out of his telegraphy, stationery, fuel and lights. He cannot even write the opinion that marshals in the south are better than governors, and should be permitted to strip them of an essential part of their power and responsibilty, without borrowing stationery from his neighbors. This is very sad.

THE Athens Georgian urges the whole community that is interested to greet the completion of the Northeastern railroad with a lively demonstration. "By all means," it says, "let us have a big barbecue, and such manifestations as will show our appreciation of this enterprise. Let our friends from the up country and along the line of the railroad be invited to attend en masse. If this cannot be done sooner, let it take place during the annual meeting of the stockholders, which takes place the first of October." We second the motion.

THE track of the Northeastern railroad is all in place, and trains will begin regular trips before the close of the present week. "But our efforts," says the Athens Watchman, "must not stop with the first step in the undertaking of opening a direct connection with Knoxville and the great west. Let the proper efforts be put forth at once to finish the Northeastern section of the line, from Lula to Clayton. By the time this is completed, Tennessee and North Carolina will close the gap between Maryville and the Georgia line, and the connection will be finished between Knoxille and the Cincinnati Southern, thus opening up the shortest practicable line from the great west to the south Atlantic coast."

THE postoffice department states that since the passage of the postoffice appropriation bill which separated the amount of money to be expended for carrying mails by Star routes from that of the railroad route, the department has been compelled to decline to establish postal service on different railroads in the states of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Georgia, Arkansas, Missouri, Kentucky, Texas, Colorado and California, aggregating nearly 1,000 miles, and which would have saved the government a very large sum of money if the service could be transferred from the Star service to the railroads. Nearly twice as much as was needed was appropriated for the Star service, while for railroad service the sum was so small as to prevent any increase whatever in that branch of the service, and on which application is daily being made.

THE St. Louis Republican compares democratic with republican rule in the south in the following manner:

What Georgia was with Bullock and his negro legislature, South Carolina is now, and what Georgia is to day, South Carolina would be if put into the hands of men capable of governing the state. The one is a fair sample of a free government and the other of negro domination maintained by federal power. Georgia and South Carolina are neighboring states and afford the very best opportunities for comparing the results of the two systems of government. In the one, we have the white people and property owners overridden by a body of ignorant blacks and designing white rascals and the consequence is the platform enunciated at Cincinnati, that is lawlessness and outrage; in the other, the intelligence and property interests of the state are free to do what they see sure to do in any community, whether it be north or south, repress violence and disorder. Is it unreasonable to expect that the people of the north, with these pictures before them, will refuse to be alarmed longer by the outcry that the white people of the south are necessarily "brutal banditti?"

FACT AND COMMENT.

THE wild waves at Cape May said to the Methodist brethren, "Kiss and make up."

THE street steam-car seems to be advancing towards public favor and full practicability.

FOURTEEN railroad locomotives have been shipped from New York to Brazil.

OUR Uncle Sam is certain to be the next president. Hayes is getting weaker and weaker every day.

GARIBALDI considers the Slavonian cause that of civilization, and says so in a flaming letter to the Slavonian youth.

MRS. ANNIE B. CAMPBELL is on the stump in Indiana, shouting for more greenbacks—just what all the women are doing in private.

KING JOHN of Abyssinnia claims to be descended from the lady who was so amazed at the wisdom of Solomon—the queen of Sheba.

CHARITY covers a multitude of sins, but the sins of the Grant-Hayes ring are far too multitudinous to be covered by a bloody shirt.

GEN. GEORGE, chairman of the state executive committee, predicts that Tilden and Hendricks majority of 50,000 in Mississippi, troops or no troops.

THE New England papers are giving Kilpatrick's letter abundant emphasis. They put it this way:

"A Bloody-shirt Campaign, with no gory."

SINCE Disraeli's promotion to the peerage he has ceased wearing corsets, and says truthfully enough that an Earl does not need to travel on his shape.

CHAS. J. FAULKNER, of West Virginia, being now an aspirant for a seat in the United States senate, his constituents have nominated B. E. Martin for his seat in the house.

GEN. KILPATRICK concedes Indiana to Tilden and the New York Tribune concedes New York. Then as Gen. Garfield says, Tilden will certainly be elected.

"YES," says the Detroit Free Press, "the soldiers should be concentrated in the south. If they fool around out west any longer the Indians may hurt some of them."

IT is believed that Sitting Bull heartily approves the order to send more United State bayonets to the south. The strategy of the great sitter is equal to that of the great Cæsar of modern times.

SO ex-Governor Morgan is the man, is he? Well, he will be "a good enough Morgan until after the election." After that he will be the most delapidated Morgan ever seen.—New York World.

THE Dutch cure: a lazy pauper by putting him into a deep cistern, letting in the water, and providing him with a pump that, with hard work, will just keep him from drowning.

THIS is a slow old campaign. If an editor gets up a little spirit and calls the opposing candidate a hog, some conservative friend feels called upon to reprove the utterance as improper.—Graphic.

IF Sitting Bull would just tread on some darkey's toes about election time he'd have the whole force of the army—Sheridan included—thrown on him in less time than it took to issue the bayonet order.

FRANK LESLIE'S WEEKLY states that Professor Huxley visits America "partly to spend a vacation, but chiefly to see a relative who lives in Tennessee." The wives of Messrs. Albert and Robert Roberts, of the Nashville American, are nieces of Professor Huxley, we believe.—Knoxville Tribune.

IF we were all to join hands, organize a vigilance committee and hunt all the great men out of this country, there might be a good many people scared, but there'd only be about one in ten millions of us that would have to leave.

THE hottest places east of the Rocky mountains are Galveston, Texas, and Leavenworth, Kansas; the coolest Quebec and Rochester, N. Y. New York city is as hot as Savannah, Georgia, and Cairo, Illinois, as Charleston, S. C.; Pembina, Dakotah, is as hot as Philadelphia or Norfolk.

THE fates are against the radical candidates. Here is the light and shade of the two tickets, as suggested by the initials:

Shall	Justice Triumph?
Truth And	Honesty,
Ruined Beyond	Hope.
Worse And	Worse.

DURING the whole of Queen Victoria's reign she has spent but little time in Ireland, but since 1848 she has spent fourteen years of time at Balmoral Castle, in the highlands of Scotland. Her first visit to Ireland, in August, 1849, was continued for ten days, and in 1861 she made a the lakes of Killarney, which occupied three days, including the journeys. So the Irish feel neglected and discontented.

HON. C. C. CLAY gave his first vote since his incarceration in Fortress Monroe on Monday, August 7th inst. Of course, he voted the straight democratic ticket throughout. Under the radical state constitution of 1868, he was disfranchised. The democratic constitution of 1875 re-enfranchised him. He is still subject to the disabilities imposed by the magnanimous radical congress for participation in the so-called rebellion, and is ineligible to office. However, he is in a good large company—estimated by ex-Speaker Blaine to number 750.—Huntsville Democrat.

OF the southern railroad league recently formed at Saratoga, the New York Journal of Commerce says: "The present is their first effort to create a grand southern league of railroad interests. They will soon find treachery at work amongst those who most solemnly pledge themselves to stand by the arrangements. Compacts as strong as any they can make have been broken by the bad faith of the signers. And so we may reasonably expect that the Southern Railroad association will fall apart at no distant day. Nothing of the kind can last very long while human nature remains unchanged."

HARRISON, the disinfectant of Orth in Indiana, was in the smoking car coming up to Indianapolis. He was in a jocular humor comparing his chances with those of "Blue Jeans Jimmy" Williams. "If I am among Germans," said Harrison, "I can speak a little German, and there I have the advantage of Jimmy. If I see a Frenchman I can talk a little French, and there I have the advantage of Jimmy. I can talk money to moneyed men, and there I have the advantage of him. But after all Jimmy Williams is an honest, straight-forward fellow." "Yes," said an old farmer with a wide-awake hat on a wide-awake head who sat near, "and there Jimmy has the advantage of you."

A Lesson Taught by Experience.

Among the many valuable lessons taught by experience, there is not one of greater moment to the invalid portion of the community than the following, viz: That alterative treatment is only permanently successful when aided by invigoration. When the functions of the body are disordered, the use of a genial tonic with which corrective properties are combined is the speediest means of regulating them. Such a tonic is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the most popular, as it is the best article of its class. For more than twenty-five years it has been used with signal success as a remedy for, and preventive of malarial fevers, as a means of imparting strength to the debilitated, as a curative of dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, kidney troubles and uterine weakness. Not only have multitudes of those whom it has cured borne testimony in its behalf, but it has been repeatedly commanded by the medical profession and the press.
aug26 d&w1w

WM. E. TANNER. ALEX. DELANY
NORTON C. NEWTON.

METROPOLITAN WORKS,

CANAL STREET,
FROM SIXTH TO SEVENTH.
Richmond, Va.

ENGINES, PORTABLE AND STATIONARY.
SAW-MILLS, GRIST-MILLS.
BOILERS, CASTINGS OF BRASS and IRON, FORGINGS, &c.
AGRICULTURAL IRON WORKS.
In all its various lines done by an experienced hands.
We will special attention to our Improved Portable Engines for agricultural purposes.
A number of second-hand ENGINES and BOILERS of various patterns, in first-rate order, on hand.
Repair work solicited promptly done.

WM. E. TANNER & CO.
may25—d&w1m

Ice.

ICE! ICE!

Cunningham's Warehouse.

aug29—dtf

Obituary.

PATTILLO—Died, at nine o'clock on Tuesday night, 29th inst., the infant son of W. P. and Sallie Pattillo, aged two weeks and five days.

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion. *** All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance, and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

INCREASED facilities and CHEAPER RATES than ever for all kinds of PRINTING. Call at 36 Broad street, by the Bridge. Sisson & Co.
aug31—d1t

ALL sorts of PRINTING, from a Visit-Card upwards, in the BEST style of the Art, can be had neatly, cheaply and promptly, at Sisson & Co's.
aug31—d1t

OFF TO CENTENNIAL—Otis Jones is organizing a jolly and select party to leave for Centennial next Tuesday. Parties wishing to go must apply to him, at No. 10 Wall street, at once.
aug31—d1t

BUSINESS MEN in want of FIRST-CLASS Stationery, printed elegantly, and at the same time cheaply, send orders to Sisson & Co.
aug31—d1t

LETTER HEADS, Envelopes, Bill Heads, Note Heads, Cards, and every imaginable kind of Printing can be had of Sisson & Co.
aug31-3t

FOR RENT—A suit of pleasant rooms. Enquire of W. Jackson, at No. 59 Broad street.
aug31—d1t

WANTED TO RENT—A cottage, with four or five rooms, convenient to business or street cars. Apply to J. H. Ketner, Kennesaw Mills Depot, city.
aug30—d3t

FOR RENT—Two houses on Whitehall street, Nos. 177 and 185. Apply to D. Smith, 66½ or 173 Whitehall.

250,000 FEET OF LUMBER WANTED. Green assortment. Address Trayham & Co., Atlanta, Ga.
aug30—dtf

WANT to purchase a 25-horse power Engine, in perfect order, with or without boiler. Send price and where the Engine can be seen. Address A. B., Atlanta, P. O.
aug30—dtf

WANTED—Three first-class Coat Hands. Apply to J. H. Dykeman, Whitehall street.
aug30—d2t

SCHOOL NOTICE—Miss L. W. Clarke will open a private School, September 4th, in the building formerly occupied by the Decatur Street Public School.
aug30—d2t

WANTED—To purchase for CASH, a House and Lot on McDonough street, or near it. Must be at bottom price. Address, with description and price, R., Constitution office.
aug29—d3t

FOR RENT—From the 1st instant, the "Canton House," Marietta street. Apply to W. L. Shumate, 81½ Marietta street.
aug29—d6t

ADVERTISE in the Annual Trade Review of the Constitution, Sept. 10th.
aug26-d1f

A LADY from St. Louis wishes to give Music Lessons as compensation for board, or would take position as Governess in a family in the city or country. References given and required. Apply at 45 West Hunter st.
aug25—d1w

FOR RENT—A new store house 100 feet long with good dry basement, well ventilated, located in the centre of the city, on Broad street, opposite Constitution. Also, rooms up-stairs. Will be ready for occupation about the first of September. Rent to suit the times. A. Murphy.
aug29—d6t

FOR RENT—Store room in "Planter's Warehouse, Marietta street, adjoining my office. C. H. Strong.
aug30—dtf

FOR SALE, OR FOR RENT—From 1st of next October, comfortable dwelling of eight rooms on half-acre lot, on S. Forsyth street. W. P. Pattillo.
aug18—dtf

New Advertisements.

The Atlanta Select School

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS,

No 21 N. Pryor Street.

HAVING associated with me Mr. LOUIS G. CRAWFORD, a gentleman of high attainments, I will continue my School at No 21 N. Pryor street, over the store of F. D. Thurman & Co., beginning Monday 4th September next.
aug31—d4t
J. A. RICHARDSON.

Atlanta Kindergarten SELECT SCHOOL,

By MISS JUNIA McKINLEY,

Under the supervision of her mother, Mrs. E. D. McKinley, 206 Peachtree street.

References—Rev. Dr. J. T. Leftwich.
aug31—d1tu&Su2t

MERCER UNIVERSITY,

MACON, GEORGIA.

THE ENSUING SESSION WILL OPEN

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1876.

ADVANTAGES.

1. A Full Corps of Able Professors.
2. An Extensive and Thorough Curriculum.
3. Ample Facilities for Instruction.
4. Low Rates of Tuition and Board.
5. Beautiful and Healthful Situation.
6. Splendid College Edifice.

TUITION.

First Term $20 00; Second Term $40 00.
Incidental fee $5 00 per Annum.
Board $13 00 per month in Students' Hall.

For Address A. J. BATTLE, President.
Macon, Ga., August 29, 1876.
aug31—d&tawlm

Galt House,

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,

JILSON P. JOHNSON, Manager.

RATES Reduced to THREE DOLLARS PER DAY, with accommodations unsurpassed in the Western States.
aug31—d1t

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—All persons indebted to the estate of James A. Jett, late of said county, deceased, will make payment to the undersigned, and all persons having demands against said estate will present them properly proven.
WILLIAM A. JETT,
aug31—w6w Administrator.

OFFICIAL DRAWING OF THE GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,

For the benefit of the Orphans' Home and Free School.

Morning Supplementary, Class 415, Aug. 30, 1876.

72	50	56	12	07	21	26	8	40	39	26	15			

Evening Supplementary, Class 416 Aug. 30, 1876.

16	36	40	20	10	31	77	35	55	14	9	29	49		

Witness my hand, at Atlanta, Ga., this 30th day of August, 1876.
E. E. MORRIS,
aug31—d1f Manager.

Cumming Hack Line

In connection with the

U. S. Mail.

I will run a regular 2 horse Hack from Cumming to Duluth, leaving Cumming MondAys, Wednesdays and Fridays, 10½ a. m., arriving at Duluth, 3 p. m. Leaves Duluth Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 10½ a. m., arriving at Cumming, 3 p. m. I will also, on every Friday, carry passengers and light freight from Cumming to Aurora, connecting with the

Gainesville and Dahlonega Hack

Good conveyance can be furnished to any neighboring towns, in Cumming. Careful Drivers.
aug1—dtf ROBT. A. CAMP, Proprietor.

Boarding House.

SPARTA.....GEORGIA.
By Mrs. BROWN.

GOOD accommodations, good and comfortable rooms. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Terms one dollars and fifty cents.
aug18—d3m MRS. BROWN, Proprietress.

Amusements.

Public School Discussion.

There will be a public meeting of the citizens of Atlanta, at

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,

ON

Thursday Evening, 31st Inst.,

AT WHICH

HON. N. J. HAMMOND,

and others, will discuss the history of our Public Schools, their present condition, character and wants, and the future policy of our city in relation to them.

The public are cordially invited.
aug29—d3t

Professional Cards.

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office, No. 5 Kimball House, next to Georgia Banking and Trust Co—First Floor. Entrance on Wall Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. Strict attention given to business. Collections promptly remitted. Will practice in the Supreme Court of the State, the United States Circuit and District Courts at Atlanta, the Superior Court and Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, and in the City Court of Atlanta.
aug29, 1876—d1y

RE-OPENING

—OF THE—

Public Schools

THE Public Schools of this city will be re-opened on Monday, September 4th.

Decatur Street School is suspended for the present. Scholars who attended that school last year will be received into the Ivy and Crew Streets schools without admission tickets from the superintendents. Those living north of Georgia railroad will attend the Ivy Street school; those south of the Georgia railroad the Crew Street School.

The Boys' High School is removed to the new rooms in the High School Building, corner of Washington and Mitchell streets. Entrance from Mitchell street.

All scholars who were recommended by the principals from the Grammar to the High Schools will present themselves at the High School and be regularly entered on Monday. Those who were promoted on condition of making up deficiencies in certain studies, together with any others who may desire to enter the High Schools, will present themselves for examination at the office of the superintendent on Friday, September 1, at 9 o'clock a. m.

The schools will be free to all resident pupils for the month of September. For the months of October, November and December, tuition will be charged at the following rates:

High School, all grades, per month	$4 00
Grammar Schools, 1st and 2d grades, per month	3 00
Grammar Schools, 3d and 4th grades, per month	2
Grammar Schools, 5th and 6th grades, per month	2 00
Grammar Schools, 7th and 8th grades, per month	1 00
Colored Schools, all grades	1 00

The tuition will be paid in advance each month.

Parents are earnestly requested to enter their children promptly at the opening of the schools, and to attend them throughout the term, so that when the schools are resumed again in January as free Public Schools, the scholars will not lose their places in their respective classes.

The teachers are requested to meet at the Normal Class room on Saturday, September 2d, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Principals of Grammar Schools are requested to meet at the office of the Superintendent on Friday, September 1, at 9 a. m.

By order of the Board of Education.

B. MALLON,
Superintendent.

Last and Legal Notice.

RESOLVED, &c., That the Tax Collector shall open his books for the purpose of collecting taxes on the first day of June of each year, and shall close them on the 20th day of September. Resolved further, That on all taxes paid during the month of June of the present year, 1876, a discount of 8 per cent. be allowed. Resolved further, That after the 20th day of September tax fi fas shall issue against all persons who have failed to pay to the Collector, which fi fas shall be placed in the hands of the Marshal, whose duty it is hereby made to proceed immediately to levy, advertise and sell all property subject; the Marshal's sale of such property to take place the first Tuesday in November. Resolved further, That fi fas lure on the part of the Marshal to strictly enforce the provisions of this resolution so far as relates to his duties, he shall be held liable for all solvent tax collected on fi fas after the first Tuesday in November of this year 1876.
J. O. HARRIS,
aug27—d2w Tax Receiver and Collector.

CONCORD WOOLEN MILLS

AMYRNA P. O.

Cobb County, Georgia.

WE respectfully invite the attention of merchants who buy their Dry Goods in Atlanta, to carefully examine our

Jeans and Cassimeres.

You will find them the best goods of their kind in the market.

We Solicit Comparison.

Encourage home industry and Southern enterprise and keep your money at home. We keep a full supply on hand at the Factory, and Messrs. Silvey & Dougherty, Moore, Marsh & Co., and M. C. & J. F. Kiser & Co., who keep a full line of our goods at wholesale at Factory prices.
oct24—d1f PRICE, LOVE & PORTER

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Worcestershire Sauce

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE IS ON EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
NEW YORK.
aly14—d1awly,eowm

AN ORDINANCE.

BE it ordained, That any person or persons who reside on, or do business on any of the principal streets of this city, such as Peachtree, Whitehall, Decatur, Marietta, Alabama, Peters, &c., who shall deposit on any of the aforesaid main streets of this city, any sweepings from any stores or dwelling houses or places of business, or any paper, hair, fuel, slop or washings, watermelon rinds or seed, fruit pairings, vegetable matter of any kind, or any kind of garbage, shall, on conviction, pay a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars for each and every offense, or be imprisoned not exceeding thirty days, or both in the discretion of the Court. For the convenience of all persons affected by the preceding section it shall be their duty to place all accumulations therein mentioned in a box or other receptacle, and place it on the inside or the outside of the sidewalk every day, except Sunday.

Be it further ordained, That this Ordinance be published by the Clerk in THE CONSTITUTION once a week for four weeks, and that the Chief of Police be instructed to rigidly enforce the provisions of this Ordinance.

Repeals conflicting Ordinances.

I certify that the above is a true and correct transcript from the regular minutes of the Mayor and Council.
FRANK T. RYAN,
aug31—d1w Clerk.

New Livery Stable

Opened out at

Mt. Airy, Ga.

In connection with the the Stable at Clarkesville, for the traveling public, by

CHURCH & JONES.

PARTIES visiting Clarkesville, Nacoochee Valley, Tallulah Falls, etc., will always find good Hacks at Mt. Airy or Clarkesville.

Hacks always Ready

at the arrival of each train, North and East.
aug1—dtf CHURCH & JONES.

Builders' Supplies.

T. GUERNSEY. GEO. W. REYNOLDS

GUERNSEY & REYNOLDS,

DEALERS IN

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS

AND

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES,

LOCKS, HINGES, SCREWS, NAILS,
WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS, PAINT BRUSHES,
LIME, CEMENT, HAIR, &c., &c.

The only complete establishment of the kind in the State.

WAREROOMS: On Second Street, opposite J. W. Burke & Co.,
MACON, GA.

Horse Powers, Cotton Presses, &c.

CROCKETT'S IRON WORKS.

MANUFACTURES

CROCKETT'S Celebrated PORTABLE HORSE POWERS

The best Power made for Ginning and Threshing. It runs light, and never breaks. Price, $110.

PRICE, $110.

CKETT'S IMPROVED COTTON PRESS!

Steam Engines, Saw, Grist and Flour Mills, Sugar Mills, Kettles

G N GEARING, from 9 to 12 feet,

Trundl Heads or Pinions, of all sizes,

Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Elbows, &c.

IRON RAILING!

Suitable for all s and purposes.

Brass and Iron Casting of All Kinds,

MADE TO ORDER. REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS DONE PROMPTLY.

further particulars, and Price List, address

E CROCKETT & SONS,
MACON GEORGIA.

july8—d&tawlf

Relief for the Afflicted.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

An illustrated work 275 pages, a private counselor for the married and those contemplating marriage, on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, errors, etc., and the laws governing the relations of the sexes, the cause of impotency, how to be truly happy in the married relation. Medical and scientific information, which no one can afford to be without, and no family should be without. Medical advice given to female diseases, the treatment of young children, the causes of sterility, how to cure it, and how to prevent the birth of deformed children. Every married lady should read it. Every young and middle aged should read and preserve it. It contains

Just Arrived and in Store.

Haviland's & Co.'s, of Limoges, France, plain, decorated chamber, dinner, and tea sets, in China.

T. R. Boston's, of Burslem, Staffordshire, England, (best known maker of England) white granite earthenware.

Cliftons Bros.'s, of Stoke, C. C. ware.

John Edward's, of Pelham Staff, heavy hotel, also light Havre porcelain ware.

Mason's porcelain-lined and the well known gem jars, jelly tumblers, stone jars, butter tubs, porcelain-lined yellow ware.

Merchants and housekeepers, such as want good wares are invited to come and examine. Goods sold only for cash, thereby no per centage to be laid on for losses, at HARRY HIRSCH'S,
Corner Broad and Walton streets.
aug6—d3m-sun&thur—o-g-n

Georgia Gossip.

—Gov. Smith has been re-elected a trustee of the state university. Hon. A. T. McIntyre has been elected, vice F. Phinizy, resigned.

—Elder F. M. McLeroy, primitive Baptist, baptized eleven persons a few days ago in Walton county.

—Berry Floyd, colored, of Newton county, picked our 124 pounds of cotton between 7 and 12 o'clock.

—The quarterly meeting of the Newton county Sunday school association convenes at Hopewell church on the 30th of September.

—Griffin has the largest number of boys between the ages of sixteen and twenty years of age of any city in the state of its size.

—The young ladies and misses of Griffin are the sweetest, the prettiest, the most polite and the best in the state, except Dalton.

—Diptheria prevails to an alarming extent among the children between Brick Store and Rutledge. Several have died. One physician reports 22 cases.

—Hall county has 2,357 children of school age.

—At a meeting of colored Baptist ministers in Macon the right hand of fellowship was withdrawn from Rev. Henry Williams, late pastor of the First Baptist church, and from Rev. Eli Smith, pastor of the Second Baptist church.

—Miss Stella Morton of Rome is convalescing from the slight injuries sustained by being thrown from her horse.

—Clarke county has $12,306 96 in the treasury.

—The Jessup Sentinel is the name of a new paper published at Jessup, Ga., by R. H. Daniel.

—An unknown man was found dead in the woods near Alapaha, Berrien county, by the side of an empty ten gallon keg.

—A "still-born" child at Banning was resuscitated by Dr. Hockenhull, by artificial breathing.

—The editor of the Dawson Journal is down on the State Lottery. It isn't run according to Hoyl. If it was, it wouldn't be run at all.—Savannah News.

—Seven Indians have settled in a cane brake at the head of Little Oweton Creek, within four miles of Ellijay. They belong to the Cherokee tribe.

—J. A. Spratlin, of Oglethorpe county, has captured 598 foxes since 1865. He has a corn sack full of brushes. He always hunts on foot.

—Moses Winkley, a colored man, of Cobb county, since the war has bought 150 acres of land, for which he has paid $1800. Last year he built him a house which he paid $700 for, and this year he will make 25 or 30 bales of cotton, abundance of corn, all of which will foot him about $2,500, besides he is out of debt and has a good team, hogs and cattle.

—A colored woman in Marion county left a three year old colored child on a mill dam, within a feet of water twenty feet deep. It was rescued by the miller.

—Not one in five of the colored children born in Oglethorpe county since the war is raised.

—The trustees of the colored M. E. church at Americus denounce the statement made by N. B. Sterrett, late pastor, that his church was burned by kuklnx and that he narrowly escaped with his life. Suspicion rested on Sterrett as being the instigator of the burning. On the next day he, together with other colored persons were arrested on proof sufficient to convict. Three of them are now in jail, and Sterrett is out on a bond for his appearance at the next term of the superior court of Sumter county, to answer for the crime of arson.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

—B. H. Richardson to Miss Georgia Goodman of Savannah.

—Isaac A Abbott to Miss Joanna L Todd of Spalding county.

—Shade Brooks to Mrs. Jennie Aven of Jasper county.

—Judge V B Baugh to Miss Mattie E. Sheffield of Early Colquit county.

—J W Graham to Miss Sarah A H Tiller of Oglethorpe county.

—Dr. D J McTunken to Miss Pauline Pertest of Oglethorpe county.

—W P Redd to Miss Sarah Tallison of Forsyth county.

—W Mathis to Miss Harriet L oney of Murray county.

—J. P Laffin to Miss Lucy W Sive of Henry county.

—J M Brady to Miss Dicy Wiggins Washington county.

—J Goddis to Miss Sarah Weems of Cobb county.

—S F Coffin to Miss E J Smith of Sandersville.

—Dr W H A Love of New York, to Miss Mattie A Tyson of Americus.

—W H Bedell to Miss Julia B Louther, of Columbus.

DIED IN GEORGIA.

—Mrs W L Shockley, of Gainesville.

—Mrs D Green, of Forsyth county, aged 75.

—J Fowler, of Forsyth county, aged 80.

—J G Mullane, of Augusta.

—Mrs Nathan Johnson, of Oglethorpe county.

—Mrs C C Casey, of Savannah.

—Mrs Mary Browning, of Milner.

—Mrs Harris, of Pike county.

—Mrs Susan Noble, of Ellijay.

—M McDonald, of Augusta.

—Mrs Swain, of Dirttown Valley.

—Mrs M E Malcombs, of Savannah.

—Miss Ava Willingham, of Oglethorpe county.

—Mrs E Harpus, of Stewart County, aged 74.

—W R Pixley, at Barnesville.

—Simeon Walters, of Morgan.

—Miss Emma Jones, of Jonesboro.

—Mrs Taylor Roberts, of Quitman county.

—Mrs Jerry Thompson, of Quitman, county.

—Preston Tinsley, of Forsyth county, aged 80.

—Mrs Sarah McPherson, of Forsyth county.

—Mrs G Light, of Forsyth county.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of mental over-work, indiscretion or excesses, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by HUMPHREYS HOMOEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price, $1 00 per single vial, or $5 00 per package of five vials and $2 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
june23—deod&wly

Physicians Cards.

E. DOVER,
Practical Slater,
16 Br. 1 Street, near the Bridge,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
PLAIN and Ornamental Slating done at the lowest prices. A large assortment of the Best Roofing Slates and of Different Colors always on hand. Chimneys in any part of the State. Slate roofs repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Orders from city and country solicited.
ap10,1876—dly.

Hamilton Scientific Cutaneous
DR. J. M. GAGER,
Homœopathist.
OFFICE, 62 Whitehall street, up-stairs. Residence 128 Thompson street.
July13,1876—dly

Marietta Chair Factory,
MARIETTA, GEORGIA.
BRUMBY & BYERS, Proprietors.
THE best standard Chair and the lowest prices guaranteed. Send for our reduced price list and photographs before sending your orders elsewhere
aug20—fullsep20,1877

L. L. THOMASSON,
DEALER IN
Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,
FLOUR, &c. Market street, Chattanooga, Tennessee. New Fire-proof Warehouse at foot of Market street.
apr30,1876—dly

Dentists.

HOLLAND & CRENSHAW,
DENTISTS.
Office, 33 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA
june7,1876—dly

L. D. CARPENTER,
Dentist,
NO. 47 WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta Georgia.

ARTHUR C. FORD,
DENTIST.
69 Crew Street, Atlanta, Ga.
27 McDonough Street Cars pass the door.

Lawyers.

JOHN L. HOPKINS. JOHN T. GLENN.
HOPKINS & GLENN,
Attorneys at Law,
ATLANTA, GA.
aug6—d1m

T. H. S. BOSTON,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
ROOM No. 7 Austell's building, corner Pryor & Decatur streets.
aug8,1876—d6m

JOHN W. OWEN,
Attorney at Law,
TOCCOA CITY, GA.
WILL practice in the counties of Habersham, Hall, Banks and Franklin. Special attention given to collections.
aug1,1876—d6m

J. S. JAMES,
Attorney at Law,
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the county of Douglas and adjoining counties. Collections made a specialty. By permission refers to John. R. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. J. M. James Ordinary of Douglas, and J. C. Dorsett, Clerk Superior Court of Douglas county.
dec10,1875—52w12m

W. L. MARLER. HENRY PERRY.
MARLER & PERRY,
Attorneys at Law,
GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the courts of Hall, Jackson, Banks Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties.
june6,1876—dly

H. W. BALDWIN.
Attorney at Law,
MADISON, GEORGIA.
REFERENCES—Dr. Jno. B. Minor, Prof. Law U. Univ. Va.; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Judge Geo. F. Bartlett, Col. Geo. W. Adair.
june6—dly

POPE BARROW.
Attorney at Law,
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the counties of Clarke, Jackson, Oconee, Madison, Oglethorpe and Wilkes. Collections made and promptly remitted.
jan6,1876—dly

JOHN V. EDGE,
Attorney at Law,
DOUGLASVILLE, GA.
WILL practice in Douglas, Campbell, Carroll and Paulding counties, and adjoining counties by contract. Special attention given to collections
june22,1876—d6mo

JACKSON & THOMAS,
Attorneys at Law,
No. 4 Broad Street, ATHENS, GA.
WILL practice in the Courts of the State.
march 1, 1876—d1yr

HENRY C. RONEY,
Attorney at Law,
THOMSON, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Augusta Northern and Middle Circuits and Supreme Court of the State Prompt attention given to collections.
dec25—dtf

ROBERT D. WALKER, Jr.,
Attorney at Law,
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.
PROMPT attention given to business. Sept. dly

C. A. THORNWELL,
Attorney at Law,
ROME, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention collections.
mar10,1876—d12m

J. A. McWHORTER,
Attorney at Law,
GREENESBORO, GEORGIA
WILL give prompt attention to the business intrusted to his care. Will attend regularly the Courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Collection of claims a specialty.
march12,1876—dly

G. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney at Law,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar22—dly

HENRY JACKSON, Reporter of Supreme Court. J. H. LUMPKIN
JACKSON & LUMPKIN,
Attorneys at Law,
21½ ALABAMA STREET,
PRACTICE in the State and Federal Courts. Special attention given to business before the Supreme Court.
mar9—dly

JAMES A. HARLEY,
Attorney at Law,
SPARTA, GEORGIA.
aug9—d1y

EDWARD J. REAGAN,
Attorney at Law,
HAMPTON GEORGIA.
PRACTICES in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to commercial and other collections.
nov5,1875—dly

J. A. ANSLEY,
Attorney at Law
AMERICUS, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections.
oct18,1876—dly

PATENT MEDICINES.

We carry a large stock of all the Patent Nostrums—Standard and Humbug:

50 gross TUTT'S PILLS,
10 gross WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
10 gross BROWN'S TROCHE,
10 gross FREY'S VERMIFUGE,
10 gross THRASH'S CONSUMPTIVE CURE,
10 gross JAYNE'S PREPARATIONS,
20 gross AYER'S PREPARATIONS,

For sale at manufacturer's prices and less.
HUNT, RANKIN, & LAMAR,
Wholesale Druggists.

CHEMICALS, CHEMICALS.

We carry a large stock of the best manufacturers' goods.

500 ounces QUININE,
300 ounces MORPHINE,

Dealers are invited to get our figures before sending away for goods.
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
aug27 Wholesale Druggists.

PAINTING & GRAINING

D. P. HOLLOWAY IS PREPARED TO DO all kinds of
House and Sign Painting.
Also, GRAINING, and respectfully solicits orders for the same in city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, No. 9 Hunter street.
aug27— apr18—d3m

Hotels.

Ames House,
ANAGANSETT, R. I.
The Finest Beach in the United States
Established in 1859.
THIS delightful Summer Resort is now open for the accommodation of visitors. For terms, &c., address GRANT & CORE,
aug5—d4w4m Proprietors

Van Horn House,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
Just the Right of the Union Depot
Opened January, 1875.
D. VAN HORN, Prop'r.

Richmond House,
GAINESVILLE.....GEORGIA.
CLEAN and comfortable beds, good and bountiful fare, prompt and polite attention.
Excellent Accommodation
FOR
SUMMER VISITORS
AT
Reduced Rates.
Free transportation for guests and baggage to the house on street cars. Rates of board moderate. Single meal 50 cents.
J. B. CRAIG,
july7—d1y Proprietor.

Ricks House,
CARTERSVILLE.....GEORGIA
HAVING leased this splendid three story Brick Hotel, from Mr. Ricks, I have
Newly Furnished & Carpeted
in good style, so as to make my guests comfortable, and propose to keep as good a table as be kept in North Georgia for $2 per day; single meals 50 cents; by the week, $8. Rooms for families will be arranged in suits. The surroundings are fine, the
Mountain Scenery,
and fine waters, mineral, limestone and free ione, are all convenient. Come and see for ourselves.
B. F. COLLINS, Proprietor

Jeff Davis House,
By Mrs. T. J. S. CLARKE,
NEWNAN.....GEORGIA.
LARGE rooms for transient and summer visitors The traveling public would do well to give her house a call.
aug6—dly

First Rates of Cotton.
Farnum House,
One hundred yards west of Public Square,
DAWSON.....GEORGIA.
Board, $3 00 per day.
W. W. FARNUM.....Proprietor.
aug6—d3m

Planter's Hotel,
AUGUSTA.....GEORGIA
THIS well known hotel having been remodeled, enlarged, thoroughly renovated and newly furnished during the summer of 1876, is now open with increased facilities for the accommodation of the traveling public. Special inducements to commercial travelers.
B. F. CHATFIELD.....Proprietor.
Also, Proprietor of the
Highland Park Hotel,

NOTICE.

NORCROSS HOTEL, 20 miles northeast of Atlanta, on the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, where we are prepared to accommodate a few summer boarders. Those desiring large and comfortable rooms, and a delightful climate and the best water N Georgia affords, will do well to stop with us. Atlanta merchants desiring to spend the day in the city and the night with their families where they can breathe the pure fresh air, will find the trains running to suit their convenience. Our rates for board and lodging is as follows: Board, for single day, $2; single week, $8; two weeks or more, $7 per week; per month, where there are two or more, $25 per month, and one occupying a room to himself, $30 per month. Deductions made for large families. J. G. TRAMMELL,
june21—dtf Proprietor.

Westminster Hotel,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
Corner Irving Place and 16th Street.
N. Y. One Block from Union Square and Broadway.
This most central, and yet quietest location in the city. Convenient to the great stores, theatres and churches. Elevator and all modern improvements. Easy access to all parts of the city by street cars and stages.
C. B. FERRIN, Proprietor.
apr5— sep17—dly

Shingles! Shingles!

ALL HEART Southwest Georgia Pine Shingles
Oak Posts,
Pine and Poplar Lumber,
For sale low. by
July23—dtf A. CUNNINGHAM.

RESERVOIR FLOURING MILLS.

JOHN J. McCANN, Supt.

HOLDING, WILKES & HANCOCK,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR,
AND DEALERS IN
Grain, Bran & Breadstuffs,
NASHVILLE, TENN.
Correspondence and orders solicited
aug26 tf1ed

WINSHIP IRON WORKS
SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS
MILL GEARING
SHAFTING, PULLEYS &C.
HORSE POWERS, SORGHUM MILLS
THE CELEBRATED
WINSHIP COTTON GIN
THE WINSHIP COTTON PRESS
FOR STEAM, HORSE, OR HAND POWER
ADDRESS WINSHIP & BRO
SEND FOR CIRCULARS ATLANTA GA.

EAST TENNESSEE UNIVERSITY
Affords specially good advantages; the location is beautiful, the climate healthy and agreeable, and the provision for Scientific and Classical instruction ample. $180 will pay for Board, Room-Rent, Fuel, Lights and Washing, a Collegiate Year. Tuition from $30 to $35 a year. For full information address Rev. THOS. W. HUMES, Knoxville, Tennessee.
Apply in Atlanta to R. H. RICHARDS, Atlanta Savings Bank, for catalogues.
aug27—w

King's Mountain Military School,
YORKVILLE, S. C.
NEXT Session begins September 4, ends January 30. Pupils should enter at beginning of Session, but will be received at any time. This is the oldest Military School south of Virginia, and the only one in South Carolina. Full Collegiate course. Thorough discipline. Diplomas to graduates. Healthy, hill country. For printed circulars and full information, apply to
July5-dec30 Col. A. COWARD, Principal.

ATLANTA
Medical College.
THE Nineteenth Annual Course of Lectures in this Institution will commence October 16th, 1876, and close March 1st, 1877.
Send for announcement, giving full information.
JNO. THAD. JOHNSON, M. D.,
aug27—d1m Dean of Faculty.

Schools and Colleges

MT. VERNON INSTITUTE,
No. 44 4th, Venable Place,
BALTIMORE,
Established in 1850.
MRS. MARY J. JONES and MRS. MAITLAND, Principals, English, French, and German Boarding and Day-Schools for Young Ladies and Little Girls. The school will re-open September 21st. Circulars with references on application.
aug1—d1m

Notre Dame of Maryland
COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Near GOVANSTOWN, Baltimore county, Maryland.
CONDUCTED by the School Sisters of Notre Dame. This institution is most desirably located 3 miles N. of Baltimore, and is provided with every necessary for health and comfort. The system of education aimed at is designed to develop the mental, moral and physical powers of the pupils, to make them REFINED, ACCOMPLISHED and USEFUL members of society. In the regular course, which includes the German and French languages, number of pupils is limited to one hundred and forty.
PARLOR BOARDERS or young ladies who desire PRIVATE apartments limited to fourteen.
Young Ladies, whose health requires special PRIVILEGES, can be accomodated at a first-class country residence located on the grounds, provided fifteen positive applications are made before the 20th of August.
Educational advantages are the same for all.
For particulars, send for Catalogue.
july4—d10w

MOUNT De SALES ACADEMY,
MACON, GEORGIA.
THIS INSTITUTION, under the direction of the SISTERS OF MERCY, will be open for the reception of pupils on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26TH.
This Academy is a branch of St. Joseph's Convent, (at whose reputation for educational advantages is unsurpassed throughout the State.
Mount de Sales is delightfully situated on an eminence commanding an extensive view of the city, and only twenty minutes ride from Pio Nono College; so that parents placing their daughters at the Mount, and having sons at the College, will have the advantage of visiting both without additional traveling expenses. The street cars pass in immediate vicinity.
Northern parents, desiring to send their children South for the benefit of health, may rest assured that the utmost care will be bestowed upon them by the sisters themselves.
The spacious recreation grounds and salubrious air afford facilities for healthful amusements at all seasons.
The course of instruction embraces all the studies that constitute a thorough and accomplished education, hallowed by religion.
French will be taught by a native, so that purity of accent and fluency in writing and speaking that language may be acquired. Latin must not be taught, nor also commenced in the course of Vocal and Instrumental Music, including Piano, Organ and Guitar, will receive special attention; also Drawing, Painting, Plain and Ornamental Needlework, &c.
No undue influence will be exercised over the religious opinions of any pupil, though all will be required to conform to the external discipline of the institution.
No special uniform is required. Each young lady should be provided with a sufficiency of underclothing for the season; also overshoes, umbrella, balmoral skirt, two black aprons, silk or alpaca, (no white aprons allowed), two pairs of sheets, two pillow cases, four towels, six table napkins, knife, silver or plated fork, spoon, napkin ring and gobiets, all marked with her initials, also stationery and postage stamps.
The correspondence of the young ladies is subject to the inspection of the Directress.
The scholastic year is divided into two sessions. The first commences on the last Tuesday of September, the second on the 15th of February, and terminates with a distribution of premiums on the last Tuesday in June.
Pupils will be received at any time and charged only from date of entrance.
No deduction will be made for partial absence or the withdrawal of a pupil, unless in case of serious illness or dismissal.

TERMS.

Board and tuition per session, payable in advance.....$100 00
Washing, bed and bedding per session..... 10 00
Tuition in music and use of piano, per session..... 25 00
Vocal music in class, per session..... 5 00
Drawing, per session..... 10 00
Painting in water colors, per session..... 10 00
Painting in oil, per session..... 25 00
The languages each, per session..... 15 00
Embroidery, tapestry, and various kinds of plain and ornamental needlework, per session..... 5 00

DAY PUPILS.

Primary department, per session..... 15 00
Intermediate department, per session..... 20 00
Senior department, per session..... 25 00
Graduating class, per session..... 25 00
Graduating expenses, including medal..... 10 00

An interesting and important feature of the Mount will be the culinary department, where the young ladies will learn all that is requisite to make them good housekeepers, in addition to their other accomplishments.
The terms for St. Joseph's Academy are the same as above.
For Prospectus and further particulars, address, Directress of Mount de Sales Academy.
aug24 d1w

THE MISSES SKINNER
Will open in Atlanta, September 14, a
School of High Order
FOR
Young Ladies and Children.
Application can be made to the Principal after August 15th, Mrs Dr. Johnson's, 12 Marietta street. Reference—Rev. Mr. Foute, Atlanta, Ga.
aug3—dtf

WESLEYAN
FEMALE COLLEGE,
MACON, GA.
The Thirty-ninth Annual Session will begin
Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1876,
with a full Faculty of Professors and Teachers
THIS IS A
HOME INSTITUTION
of the highest grade. Its long list of graduates found in every part of the South is its best recommendation.
Advantages, educational, social and religious, unsurpassed.
For particulars address
REV. W. C. BASS, D.D., President,
or REV. C. W. SMITH, D.D., Secretary.
july25—d2m

Emory College.
THE FALL TERM of this long-established Institution opens Wednesday, September 6, with a thorough Curriculum and a Full Faculty.
Tuition: $35 00 for the Fall Term.
Board, including fuel and lights, from $15 00 to $20 per month.
For further information address the President,
ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD,
aug19—d1m Oxford, Ga.

Home School for Young Ladies,
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
Madame Sophie Seossowahl, } Associate
Miss Caroline Seossowahl, } Principals.
SCHOLASTIC YEAR re-opens September 15th, 1876. For circulars and particulars apply to the above.
aug22—d1w

Bellevue High School,
Bedford County, Virginia.
ON Va. & Tenn. R. R., 15 miles west of Lynchburg. Full corps of Teachers. High and healthy location. Pupils members of the family. Sessions begins September 15. For Catalogues or desired information, apply to
WILLIAM B. ABBOTT, Principal,
july17—d3w2m Bellevue P. O.

BALTIMORE
Southern Home School,
For Young Ladies and Little Girls.
ESTABLISHED 1842.
PRINCIPALS—Mr. and Mrs. Wilson M. Cary, Mrs. General Jno. Pegram. Nos. 197 and 199 N. Charles street. French the Language spoken.
aug16—dec16(4)w2m

Important to Parents and Guardians.
MOUNT DE CHANTAL
Academy of the Visitation,
NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.
PARENTS in quest of a first-class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of this celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this institution have been a subject of surprise to the natives of France. The success of this Institution has been so wide spread as to have made this Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular, that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the attention of parents, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.
These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($165 per annum,) will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.
For further particulars apply for prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.
jly.....d1awly

Engineering.

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL
ENGINEERING
AT THE RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.
Instruction very practical. Advantages unsurpassed in this country. Graduates obtain excellent positions. Re-opens Sept. 14th. For the Annual Register, containing improved Course of Study, and full particulars, address PROF. CHARLES DROWNE, Director.
aug31—d1m

Our Trade Issue
For Year Ending
Sept. 10, 1876.
Every Merchant Should Advertise in it.
Every Business Man's Name should be in it.
20,000 Copies of it should be
Circulated in the Interests of Atlanta.
Business Men from all parts of the State should
Advertise In It.
It will present one of the finest advertising opportunities ever known in Georgia.
aug26—dtf

HARNESS & HARNESS
MANUFACTURER,
96 Whitehall Street,
EVERYTHING NOT IN STOCK MADE TO order. Come and examine goods and prices. Special Rates to Wholesale Buyers.
J. B. MORGAN,
marl1—d6m Atlanta, Ga.

American Lightning Rod Co.
ANY person wishing Lightning Rods put up, and in first style, can have the same done in the most satisfactory manner, by
DOUGHTY & GRANGER,
TRUSSES representing the
American Lightning Rod Co.
Apply to
No. 53 Broad Street.
aug18—d1mo

Tried by Fire and Found not Wanting
J. L. VARNER,
Fire and Life Insurance Agent,
CUTHBERT, GA.
REPRESENTS the old and reliable Liverpool and London and Globe, and the most substantial American companies. Insurance placed at lowest rates and losses promptly
feb6,1876—dly

WASON CAR and FOUNDRY CO.
Manufacturers of
Railroad Freight Cars,
CAR WHEELS,
AND
Castings of all Kinds.
General Machine & Smith Shops
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
CHARLES WASON.....President.
W. H. PARKER.....Superintendent.
F. F. MORRILL.....Secretary and Treasurer.
aug19—d2mo

A School Wanted.
A YOUNG LADY, graduate of one of the first Colleges in the country, who has been teaching two years, desires a School or a Professorship in a High School or College. Can teach a thorough course of Mathematics, Latin and Greek Music, &c. Good references given. Address Teacher, Constitution office.
aug15—d3w

GENERAL AGENCY
OF THE
American Cotton Tie
COMPANY, LIMITED.
47 CARONDELET ST.,
New Orleans, July 22, 1876.
TO PLANTERS AND DEALERS
IN COTTON TIES
PLEASE take notice, that whereas there are being offered for sale in your locality by parties not licensed by us Iron Cotton Ties with buckles having an open slot through one bar of the buckle leading into a mortice. We caution you not to make use or sell any such Ties either with new Buckles and Bands, or so-called second-hand Buckles in combination with new or pieced Bands, unless bought from or through our duly authorized agents.
Our Arrow and other Open Slot Buckles for several years past have been sold and stamped "Licensed to use ones only."
Our attorneys are instructed to bring suit against all persons violating our patent rights.
For the American Cotton Tie Company, Limited.
F. COOK, Gen'l Legal Agent.
Agents in Atlanta:
WILLIAMS, LANGSTON & CRANE,
W. M. & R. J. LOWRY.
aug9—d1mo

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.
Important to the Public.
ON and after Monday, the 20th of March, 1876, I shall adopt the following Bill of Fare at Restaurant for the ... of the public. I will furnish BREAKFAST from 6 to 9 o'clock a. m., from
25 to 50 cts each.
Dinner from 12 m. 3 p. m., at from
25 to 50 cts.
Supper from 6 to 9 p. m. from
25 to 50 cents.
Also, I will hereafter furnish all special orders at reduced prices.
mar19—dtf R. G. THOMPSON.

Election Notice.
AN election will be held in the city of Atlanta on Saturday the 9d day of September, 1876, for the purpose of electing an Alderman to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Alderman West.
The polls will be kept open by the Election Commission for each Ward in the city, from 6 a. m. to 7 p. m.
C. C. HAMMOCK,
aug26—did Mayor.

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to the estate of Dr. Wm. L. Cleveland, are hereby requested to call on Wingo & Smith, over Hemmings, at No. 34½ Pryor street, Atlanta, and settle, as they are authorized by me to receive and receipt for all moneys due said estate.
JOHN B. WILCOXSON,
Administrator of Wm. L. Cleveland, deceased.
aug25—d3w

JOSEPH GORDON,
House and Sign Painter,
No. 24 Peachtree street,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA
COUNTRY Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
aug26—dly

Tuition Notice.
WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September, 1876, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:
A lot of type, printing material, fixtures and furniture, now stored in the basement of the Times office, No. 28 on Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Abbott & Fitzpatrick, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of Jo Toombs vs. Abbott & Fitzpatrick. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney, and levied on by me.
THOMAS M. PERKERSON,
jly11 Sheriff.

Dinner House, Ga. Railroad,
AT RUTLEDGE, GEORGIA
By Mrs. Boyett.
Meals 50 cents.
aug16—dly

Lincoln and Robertson Co. Whiskies.
ARCHER CHEATHAM. GEO S. KINNEY.
CHEATHAM & KINNEY,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Lincoln and Robertson Co. Whiskies
Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Apple and Peach Brandies,
Imported Brandies, Rum, Gin, Scotch and Irish Whiskies, Port, Sherry, Madeira, Malaga, Claret and Champagne Wines.
CURACOA, ANISETTE, MARASCHINO, AND VERMOUTH.
Murphy Block, 44 South Market Street, - Nashville, Tenn.
Prompt attention given to the selection and shipment of orders. Lowest possible rates of freight obtained to all points throughout the United States.
aug25—d3m

New Advertisements.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

MIND READING, PSYCHOMANCY, Fascination, Soul Charming, Mesmerism, and Marriage Guide, showing how either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly. 400 pages. By mail 50 cents. Frank & Co., 129 S. 7th st. Philadelphia.

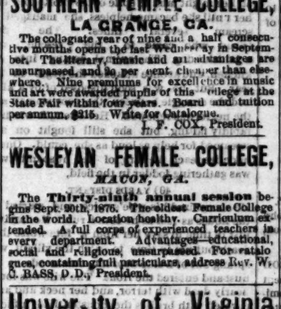
$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE,
LA GRANGE, GA.
The collegiate year of nine and a half consecutive months opens the last Wednesday in September. The literary, music and art advantages are unsurpassed, and in per cent. charges, far than elsewhere. Nine premiums for excellence in music and art were awarded pupils of this college at the State Fair within four years. Board and tuition per annum, $215. Write for Catalogue.
P. COX, President.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,
MACON, GA.
The Thirty-ninth annual session begins Sept. 20th, 1876. The oldest Female College in the world. Location healthy. Curriculum extended. A full corps of experienced teachers in every department. Advantages—educational, social and religious, unsurpassed. For catalogues, containing full particulars, address Rev. W. C. BASS, D. D., President.

University of Virginia
Opens October 1; continues through nine months. It is organized into schools on the elective system, with full courses in Classics, Literature, Science (with practice in the Chemical and Physical laboratories), in Law, Medicine, Engineering, Teaching and Agriculture. Apply for Catalogues to JAMES F. HARRISON, Chairman, P. O. University of Virginia, Albemarle county, Virginia.
Price, Twenty-Five Cents

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING
ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH EDITION.
Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as offering greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising, many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
41 Park Row, New York.
aug15—d&w4w

HOW DA SHINE

A GREAT DISCOVERY.
By the use of which every family may give their Linen that brilliant polish peculiar to first laundry work. Saving time and labor to less by more than its entire cost. Warranted. Ask for Dobbins'.
DOBBINS, BRO. & CO
13 N. Fourth st., Philadelphia.
P. & G. T. DODD & CO., Sole Agents. At wholesale
ar21-d&wtf

Catoosa Springs for Sale.
RARE CHANCE for INVESTMENT
By consent of all parties in interest, will be sold on
Thursday, Sept. 21, 1876,
at public outcry, at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises at Catoosa Springs, Georgia, the following valuable real estate, to-wit:
All that tract or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon, known as CATOOSA SPRINGS, situate, lying and being in Catoosa county, Georgia, containing 280 acres, more or less, and adjoining lands of Harris Cotten, Nichols and H. H. Hickman.
The improvements are first-class and consisting of two large HOTELS, numerous cottages, and necessary outbuildings. There are numerous
Mineral Springs
on the premises, which are famed for their curative properties.
The property can be traded for at private sale until day of sale. Terms cash. Purchasers to pay for papers. Titles guaranteed!
Parties desiring to inspect this fine property are referred to S. C. Hornsby, on the premises, or to Geo. W. Sapp Dalton, Georgia.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Augusta, Ga., in person or by letter.
H. H. HICKMAN,
August 1, 1877. aug2—dtf

COTTON TIES!
100 TONS OF
Spliced Arrow Cotton Ties,
For sale by
GROOVER, STUBBS & CO., 92 BAY STREET
aug9—d1mo Savannah, Ga.

E. B. EDWARDS & CO.
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
Chattanooga, Tenn.
TENNESSEE, Corn, Sour Mash, Lincoln county and Apple Brandy, SPIRITUATUS.
aug19—d1mo

Dry Goods and Carpets.

Positive Bargains in Dry Goods
AT
F. B. & C. O.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'S.
F. B. & C. O.
JUST RECEIVED:
A lot of latest style Combination Suits of Calico, very cheap
Traveling and Dress Linens, very cheap
Mosquito Net and Bobinet Lace, very cheap
Hamburg Edging and Inserting, very cheap
Bleached Sheeting and Shirting, very cheap
White Marseiles from 10c up, very cheap
Black Silks, different widths, very cheap
Mattings, Carpets, Oil Cloth, very cheap
Curtains, very cheap
Thousands of other things Too numerous to mention.
Call at
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'S.
38 Whitehall Street.

Centennial Excursion.

1776. 1876
Centennial Transportation Arrangements
OF THE
GREAT ATLANTIC COAST LINE
FOR
THE ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS FROM ALL POINTS SOUTH.
The Railways and Steamship Companies between Augusta, Georgia, and Philadelphia, comprising the ATLANTIC COAST LINE, will during the progress of the
entennial Exhibition of United States,
present for the patronage of the citizens of the South, routes of transportation and forms of tickets upon which to reach Philadelphia, that will immeasurably excel all other lines in point of
Direct Daily Movement,
Comfortable Accommodation,
Variability of Transit,
Economy of Expenditure.
To enable this to be done, the combined resources of the RAILWAY LINES SOUTH OF NORFOLK, together with those of the BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY and the OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY will be employed and the individual tourist, the social party of ten, twenty or more, or the civic or military organization of 100 or 200, can each be cared for in a manner that will satisfy their desires.
Price Lists, Time Cards and all needful information are now in hands of all Agents of the ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
It will be the interest of every individual and each organization proposing to make this trip to communicate with the undersigned.
A Centennial Exhibition Guide Book as authorized by the Commission will be given to the purchaser of each Centennial Ticket.
A. POPE,
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT.
Call on or address the following Agents of the Atlantic Coast Line:
JONAH H. WHITE, Macon, Ga.,
W. J

Our Trade Paper.

ADVERTISE IN IT

To the Business Men of Atlanta and Surrounding Towns.

The great chance for live business men is our Annual Review of the Trade of Atlanta and surrounding towns.

Send in your orders at once.

Extra copies at low rates.

These papers should be scattered over the whole country. aug22—dtsep10

PREFERRED LOCALS

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS

WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

e Daily and weekly Constitution for speci l en of our "news." mar22-dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office. apr21—dtf

Asphalt Side Walk.

As cheap as brick. For sample and references call at office, corner Forsyth and Walton streets. O. A. SMITH.

july21—d3m

Montevallo Coal.

We have exclusive control of the Genuine Simon Pure, original Montevallo Coal Summer Prices Low by car load.

SCIPLE & SONS,

aug15-dsun tues&thurim 59 Decatur St.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

We are in daily receipt of Montevallo, Cahaba, and Coal Creek Coal. If you want a car load or more of the best, nicest selected Lump to be had, of either of the above three Coals, order from SCIPLE & SONS,

aug15-dsun-tues&thurim 59 Decatur street.

Murder Will Out.

A few years ago "August Flower" was discovered to be a certain cure for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint, a few thin Dyspetics made known to their friends how easily and quickly they had been cured by its use. The great merits of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER became herald through the country by one sufferer to another, until, without advertising, its sale has become immense. Druggists in EVERY TOWN in the United States are selling it. No person suffering with Sour Stomach, Sick Headach, Costiveness, palpitation of the Heart, indigestion, low spirits, etc., can take three doses without relief. Go to your Druggists, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents. apr1—deod&weowly

New Advertisements.

Georgia state lottery—E. S. Morris.

The Atlanta select school—J. A. Richardson.

Increased facilities—Sisson & Co.

Atlanta kindergarten—Miss Junia McKinley.

Notice to debtors and creditors—W. A. Jett.

All sorts of printing—Sisson & Co.

Galt house—Jilson P. Johnson.

Mercer university—A. J. Battle.

First-class stationery—Sisson & Co.

For tax receiver—Wm. McMillan.

Cottage wanted—J. H. Ketner.

Rooms for rent—W. Jackson.

Letter heads, envelopes, etc—Sisson & Co.

Oft to centennial—Otis Jones.

Special Notice.

The Southern Female College, at LaGrange, Georgia, offers the highest advantages in music, literary and art departments, at the lowest rates for board and tuition See advertisement in another column and send for catalogue. aug27—dsun&thurkwlt

Y. M. C. A.

The meetings at the the hall of this association continue to increase in interest and attendance. The meetings will begin hereafter at 8 o'clock.

Belmont Flour.

W. R. Butler, proprietor of the Belmont Flouring and Grist Mills, near Murfreesboro, Tennessee, was in the city yesterday introducing his Belmont flour Samples of it can be seen at Messrs. Adair & Brothers. It is made of pure Tennessee white and amber wheat, well selected and the mill, with all the modern purifying processes and machinery, is turning out a flour that will stand the test and be found equal to the best grades in the Northeastern markets. This is its first introduction into our market. Try it

THE CENTENNIAL GUIDE.

The Best Published.

Every one going to the Centennial should have one of these Guides. Price only 25 cents. Sent post-paid for that sum. Call at, or address PHILLIPS & CRAW,

aug17—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

OUR TRADE PAPER.

Annual Review of the Business of Atlanta.

On or about September 10th, we shall issue our usual annual review of the business of Atlanta. To our business men and people generally, this is the most important issue of the paper during the year, as it makes an exhibit of our mercantile and material progress, and also of the great advantages of Atlanta either as a place of business or residence. The paper is eagerly sought at home and abroad, and consequently an immense edition is published.

The paper, for all these reasons, is one which possesses peculiar advantages for advertisers and every business man should not fail to advertise in it, especially as it appears just before the opening of the great fall trade.

As our merchants and citizens will desire to send copies to friends and business patrons, we shall print many thousand extras, and will furnish them at low rates, and in single wrappers if desired.

Send in your advertisements at once, or notify the office, and an agent will call.

Special Card from

GEORGE SHARP, JR.,

Diamond and Jewelry Merchant,

No. 34 Whitehall street,

ATLANTA, GA.

Just received from manufacturers and importers, who are bound to have the goods sold, the largest and finest assortment of

Watches,
Diamonds,
Fine Jewelry,
Sterling Silver Ware,
Gold Guard and Vest Chains,
Gold Opera and Lecontine Chains,
Lockets, Seal Rings, &c., &c.

This magnificent stock of goods will be offered for sale for the next thirty days at hard pan prices.

Now is the time for BARGAINS. Call early and buy at hard pan prices. I mean business. The owners of the goods want the money for them and I want my commissions. Visitors to the Centennial will save from 25 to 50 per cent by buying from me. GEO. SHARP, JR.

june29—d&w3m

STATE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 3 Kimball House, Wall Street.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Dr. G. W. HANDY.....President.
W. W. BELL.....Cashier.

Paid in Capital, $50,000.

This bank pays seven per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar to any amount,

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing seven per cent. interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

june26—d6m b-c

Black Silks! Black Silks

Another lot of those cheap black silks, just received, ranging from 75c, 85c, $1 00, and upward. Call at

june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office.

apr21—dtf

READ Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s advertisement and go there It will pay you.

june7—dtf

Kid Gloves Reduced.

500 dozen Fresh and Choice Ladies Kid Gloves offered very low, at

june7-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

DeKalb County.

LITHONIA, GA., August 19, 1876.

Mr. M. R. Ragsdale:

Dear Sir—We believe the time has come when the people of DeKalb desire to select a man in to represent them in the Legislature who is fully identified with the farming interest and other industries; also thoroughly awake to the great questions of retrenchment and reform.

We therefore beg the use of your name as a candidate to represent DeKalb county in the next General Assembly, subject to the nomination to be held by the Democratic party on the 2d day of September next. Very respectfully,

W. H. Braswell, W. C. Smith,
C. H. Bruce & Son, Geo. W. Johnson,
John Thompson, G H Weaver,
Geo. N. Smith, R. D. Evans,
J. M. Leftwich, T. Y. Nash,
John E. Maguire, E. J. Bond,
P. K. Phillips, B. B. Braswell,
Dr. W. P. Band, J. P. Marbutt,
W. G. Mitchell, N. Kinney,
and others.

LITHONIA, GA., August 17th, 1876.

E. J. Bond, George N. Smith, J. P. Marbutt, John Thompson. B. B. Braswell, G. W. Johnson, and others:

Gentlemen — Your communication asking me to become a candidate to represent DeKalb county, subject to the Democratic nomination, is before me. While it is very unexpected and unsought on my part, as you all well know, yet coming from the source in which it has, and the confidence I have placed in you and others who have mentioned this matter to me nerves me to a confidence that will enable me to enter the race with strong hopes. Therefore, at your solicitation, I announce myself as a candidate subject to the Democratic nomination on the 2d of September next, and if elected can only promise to do all in my power to instigate a reputation for old DeKalb and the State at large.

Thanking you, gentlemen, for the proposed honor, I close by making an earnest appeal to the citizens living in other portions of the county, before casting their votes to consider our claims

I am, gentlemen, your very obedient servant,

aug30—dtd MARSHALL J. RAGSDALE.

Black Grenadines a Specialty.

Save 10 to 15 cents on each yard and buy your Black Grenadines at the the popular store of

june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co

Brown Dress Linen

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s the above article is offered at very low figures.

june7—dtf

Our Public Schools.

M. T. Castleberry in view of the explicit declaration of Hon J C McMillan that he favors the pub lic school system as it now exists has withdrawn from the contest for alderman. We learn that there will be but one name before the people for nomination—that of Mr. McMillan.

The polls will be opened at the city hall from 11 a. m. to 7 p. m. to-day. Let all go out and vote for J. C. McMillan.

We append the cards of Messrs McMillan and Castleberry.

To the Public.

Editors Constitution: Some misconstruction having been placed on the meaning of my reply to the letter inviting me to become a candidate for alderman, so far as it relates to the public school system, I beg leave to state explicitly that I am in favor of the public school system as it now stands, and believe that with an economical administration of the affairs of the city an annual appropriation of at least thirty-five thousand dollars can be maintained for that system.

J. C. MCMILLAN.

MR CASTLEBERRY WITHDRAWS.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Having consented to become a candidate for alderman with the understanding that my friend Mr. J C McMillan was opposed to the high schools and being now positively assured by him that he is in favor of the high schools and that he would so announce, I withdraw my name from the canvass for that position. Thanking my friends and fellow citizens for their expressions of confidence.

I am respectfully,

M. T. CASTLEBERRY.

HEAVY TAX-PAYERS.

The Men Who Return $100,000 of Property.

We publish below a list of tax-payers in our city who return the snug little fortune of $100,000 and upwards. The names and amounts are taken from the books of the county tax receiver, which fact will account for any differences between this and the one published a few weeks since. There are not quite as many of the $100,000 kind as we could desire, and there is room for more, still the showing is good when the hardness of the times is taken into consideration:

Alexander, Thomas	$147,875
Austell, Alfred	108,100
Adair, Kimball & Rice	366,000
Atlanta Savings bank	105,800
Atlanta National bank	300,000
Brown, Joseph	181,940
Bank of the State of Georgia	178 300
Citizens Bank of Ga	199,400
Georgia Banking & Trust company	100,000
Hayden, Julius	105,000
James, John H	143,650
Kiser, M. C. & J. F. & Co	125 125
Markham, William	123,676
Moore, Marsh & Co	240,000
Peters, Richard	236,5 0
Ryan, John	1.6 050
Scofield Rolling Mill company	150,0 0
State National bank	212,000
Wyly, A. C. & B. F	172,000
West, Edwards & Co, (bankrupt)	300,000

The Charming Rosebuds.

The "Rosebuds" of the First Baptist church give an entertainment at No. 17 Decatur street (old stand of Boroughs & Wing, under the Kimball house) for the purpose of raising funds to complete the payment for the railing around the church. In addition to music, flowers and refreshments, a ballot will be had for the Queen of Flowers. Among the fair contestants for the crown are Misses Abbott, Bacon, Berry and Young. Their friends are expected to vote early and vote often. The doors will be opened at eight o'clock. Admission ten cents Let every friend of the "Rosebuds" come out and bring their dimes. This is a ten cent ennial party.

The Kennesaw Ball.

The ball at the Kennesaw house at Marietta on Tuesday night was largely attended. Among those present were, Misses Sallie and Willie Small, Savannah, Emma Jones, Cartersville, Johnson, Macon; Myer, Pensacola; Fannie, Annie and Helen Prescott, Columbus; Lula Hammond, Flora Akers, Katie Owens, Atlanta; Maggie Nichols, Emma Williams, Katie Williams, Ella Hammett, Katie Phillips, Katie Ellen and Willie Howell, Cliffe Cook, Rogers; Nannie McClesky, Lillie Signalisett, Vannie McLeod, Katie Winn, Ina Cleland, Allie Wing, Dollie Lewis, Mary Cole, Cleo Setz, Lillie McLellan, Gracie McLellan, Lillie Dobbs, Mattie Dobbs, Carrie Whitlock, Willie Lewis, and Mrs A G Anderson. The whole affair was a brilliant success.

ANOTHER NEGRO OUTRAGE.

A YELLOW SCOUNDREL ATTEMPTS TO RAVISH A WHITE LADY NEAR EAST POINT.

Negro Lawlessness, and Terror of the Community.

Night before last business connected with the arrest of a criminal took Lieutenant White and Sergeant Simpson of the police to East Point and they bring back with them the details of a fiendish attempt, and almost consummated outrage by a negro villain upon a defenceless white lady. This sort of crime is becoming entirely too prevalent, and the best cure for it is lynch law. It is only a few days since we gave the facts of two similar cases, and now we have a third.

The lady to whom this violence was offered lives about one mile from East Point, on this side. She is between eighteen and twenty years old, and has been married only a short time. There is no one in the family but herself and husband. The house is surrounded nearly by woods, with an open field on one side. Back of the residence is the kitchen, some forty or fifty feet distant. Her husband is engaged in farming. Monday evening about an hour before sunset, the wife went to the kitchen, as was her custom to prepare her husband's supper. After arranging the fire she went to the opposite end of the room to get some meal out of a barrel. While in the act of stooping over the barrel, she felt some person

SUDDENLY SEIZE HER

by the back of the neck, and almost before she could utter a scream she was crushed down to the floor. She fell with her face downwards and succeeded in catching hold of the leg of a bench near by. She fought with the scoundrel with all her might, and in spite of his efforts to choke her until she became helpless, she managed to scream several times. The first friend who came to the rescue, was a faithful dog. The animal sprang into the kitchen, and at once attacked the negro in the rear. But he was soon disposed of by a kick, and the struggle between the poor woman and the negro was renewed. Her strength was now rapidly failing, but she still fought on and screamed for help as loud as she could. One of her cries reach the ears of her husband, who was gathering fodder in the field,

400 YARDS DISTANT.

He recognised his wife's voice and started for the house as fast as he could run. He arrived just in time to save her from a fate worse than death but not in time to catch the villain, who sprang out of a side door into the woods as the husband entered the front. The wife was found nearly dead with terror, and her neck and arms covered with bruises the monster had inflicted in his attempt to choke her. The news of the outrage was communicated to the neighbors, and created an intense excitement throughout East Point and the whole surrounding country Monday night, Tuesday and last night, a squad of armed men, thirty or forty strong, searched the woods thoroughly to find the villian, and had they found him, his lease of life would have been short. So far all effects at his capture have been fruitless.

TERROR OF THE COMMUNITY.

A state of great lawlessness has been existing among the negroes about East Point for some time, and they have estab lished a perfect reign of terror among the whites. The details of the above crime were received by the officers from the lady herself. They found her in a house with six or seven other ladies, the whole party sitting up all night, and afraid to go to bed, while their husbands and relatives were searching the road. The lady describes the negro who assaulted her as being a yellow man, short and heavy, and about twenty or twenty-one years old. He had on a dirty, short jeans coat, ragged front, and ragged shoes. She would know him if she saw him again.

This is not the only

ATTEMPT OF THE SORT

about which the law abiding people of East Point are exercised. A week ago a white lady, living two miles off, went one morning into her orchard to gather some fruit. A negro villain concealed near by in the woods, threw a rock at her striking her on the head and brought her senseless to the ground. The scoundrel then advanced on his helpless victim, when her brother rushed from the house, and he sprang back into the woods. He too has not been caught. In addition to these, robberies have been occurring nightly. One man reported to Lieutenant White his house was entered by robbers three times recently. Another man residing just over the line in Fayette county, has his house broken into and a quantity of clothing as well as a gold watch stolen. In searching suspected negro houses near East Point Tuesday night, Lieutenant White and Sergeant Simpson found crowded together in one small room

NO LESS THAN SIX NEGRO MEN,

belonging to the crowd of roughs known as the Willingham brigade of this city. All were well known rascals, and there is no doubt of the fact that the black scoundrels are in the habit of going from Atlanta to East Point and other surrounding settlements to perpetrate all manner of villainy. In all probability the rascal who attacked this lady belongs to Atlanta, and is here now. The country people are in a great state of excitement, and offer almost any price to get an experienced officer to assist them in hunting and catching these criminals.

Highly Complimentary.

Last week while in Atlanta we had the pleasure of making the acquaintance of Col. George R. Black, of Scriven county, and now a member of the Georgia state senate. Col. Black is a splendid gentleman, and one of the representative men of the state. We hope before many years pass by to see him represent the 1st district in congress. He is no office-seeker, and we believe the people of the 1st district will call on him to serve them before a great while. When the time comes he will get our warmest support.—Darien Gazette.

It is certainly one of the most beautiful productions which we have ever had the pleasure of perusing. The style is unaffected, and yet abounds in the finest and most spontaneous passages of rhetoric and oratory. If it were possible to add other laurels to a brow already wreathed with classical attainments, this address of itself would stamp him as one of the finest speakers and most classical orators of the day.—Warrenton Clipper.

Executive Department Notes.

The following notaries public have been commissioned:

GORDON COUNTY.

W S Johnson, 849; J H Starr, 854; W J McDaniel, 856; W B Harris, 972; J H Barnett, 980; N H Haynes, 1154; J H Brounlee, 1075; Gideon Boyd, 1056; Milton Watts, 1057; J M Robertson, 1063; J L Camp, 1044; M L Foster, 1275.

TOWNS COUNTY.

Elisha B Smith, 1264.

Resigned—First Lieutenant S C Aubrey, and Second Lieutenant S B Simmons of the Hancock Vanguard.

Commissioned—George F. Pierce, jr., captain; DeLamar Turner, first lieutenant; J T Pinkston, A M DuBose, second lieutenants, Hancock Vauguard.

At DeGive's To-night.

The public meeting to-night promises to be an interesting occasion. There is no subject in which our people are more interested than our admirable public schools. We are satisfied that the great body of our citizens desire not only their continuance, but that their efficiency and completeness shall not be impaired. In these times of retrenchment some of our people are disposed to think we must reduce our schools to a merely elementary course, instead of as heretofore covering the usual course of study taught in schools in every city. We do not believe this should be done, and we are satisfied that our people would not be satisfied with our schools so mutilated.

Col. Hammond will discuss the subject to-night, and no one is better acquainted with the history and character of our schools, or better able to discuss the proper policy of the city in reference to them than he. Others will speak. Let all attend—friends and opponents.

—Since the Air-Line has become the great thoroughfare between Atlanta and the North, Fred Bush and Charley Little, two of the conductors have put off their contemplated matrimonial alliances, which were to have come off this fall, believing it impossible that a young married man can properly attend to business at both ends of the line at the same time.—Augusta Constitutionalist.

PREFIXING THE POOL.

MEETINGS OF THE SOUTHERN RAILROAD AND STEAM SHIP ASSOCIATION.

A Session for the Settling of old Scores and he Re-Casting of Divisions.

The advent of so many railroad magnates as are at present quartered at the Kimball house argued ill ones to our reporter the presence of

"THE POOL,"

of which so much was heard in newspaper and commercial circles all along through last winter.

The coming of the trade season is not distant and the combining transportation companies have now re assembled here for the purpose of consolidating their interests in the freighting business of the winter and spring, which, from present appearances, will be very extensive and lucrative. The methods of this combination system of late years are pursued by interested lines of transportation in given sections of the country have been so fully explained heretofore in these columns and are so intimately understood by commercial men that an explanation of the matter is not again necessary.

THE R. R. AND S. S. ASSOCIATION,

It will be remembered, however, that the previous arrangement—a simple time-being combination—was merged in latter part of last year, into a regular association styled the Southern railroad and steamship association. The railroads in interest comprise the membership of this association, and its affairs are governed by a general commissioner, Gen Albert Fink was first elected but some months ago he resigned and since then, Virgil Powers has been elected to the position. Mr Chas A Sindall is the secretary. The office is on Broad street east side, south end of the bridge and up stairs The business transacted is to look after the distribution of freights and the prorating of the earnings of the roads interested so as to give each one the equitable price of its unexerted competition. The special freight tonnage involved is that of New York and eastern freights for the interior, western produce to the south and cotton for the eastern markets and mills. While the commercial world is disposed to look upon this combination as inimical to their interests by reason of its cutting off competition and giving rigidity and permanency to agreed rates, yet railroad men claim it as their only salvation and the surest benefit to Atlanta and the commerce of the state.

It was this association which held

ITS MEETINGS YESTERDAY

in the breakfast room of the Kimball House, Gov. Joseph E. Brown, president of the W. & A. R. R company, and president of the association, being absent, the meeting was called to order by Col. E. W. Cole, president of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad company, and vice president of the association.

Capt. Charles A. Sindall, the secretary, was at the table.

THE DELEGATES PRESENT

and representing their respective lines were as follows:

Hon. John P King, President of the Georgia railroad company.

Col. S K Johnson, general superintendent of the same.

Col. E W Cole, President Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis R R Co.

J W Thomas, general superintendent of the same.

Gen. Wm McRae, general superintendent, W & A R R Co,

S S Solomons, general superintendent, South Carolina R R Co.

B D Hasle, general agent of the Southern Freight Line, via Charleston,

J M Selkirk, general agent, west, of the same.

E A Flewellen, managing director, Macon & Brunswick R R Co.

Capt. John A Grant, general superintendent of the same.

J G Fleming, gener l superintendent, Port Royal R R Co.

T S Davant, general freight agent of the same

Wm Rogers, general superintendent, Central R R Co., of Ga.

W G Raoul, general superintendent, Southwestern Railroad Co.

J M Bozeman, director, Central R R Co., of Ga.

R M Gourdin, chairman committee of stockholders, Central R R Co., of Ga.

C M McGhee, vice president E E, Va & Ga R R Co and Memphis and Charleston R R Co.

A Pope, general freight agent, Atlantic Coast Line,

John B Peck, general superintendent Atlanta and Richmond Air Line railway company.

W L Clark, general superintendent, Mobile and Girard railroad company.

Gen R P Alexander, general manager, Western railroad of Alabama.

S D Hubbard, general freight agent of the same.

B Dunham, superintendent, Montgomery and Eufaula railroad company.

Col L P Grant, superintendent, Atlanta and West Point railroad company.

J W Sloss, president, South and North Alabama railroad company.

T M R Talcott, general superintendent, Richmond and Danville railroad company.

Sol Haas, general freight agent of the same.

J. Jordan, general superintendent, Mobile and Montgomery railroad company.

George Hillyer, director, Georgia railroad company.

Virgil Powers, general commissioner, Southern railroad and S. S. association.

THE OBJECTS

of this meeting were, first, to make a settlement of the unfinished business and unpaid claims of the "old pool," which existed prior to the time of the formation of the association. There is considerable of this sort of business to be done and nearly the whole of yesterday was taken up in the discussion of propositions of settlement.

It was thought that an agreement would be reached last night by which all those matters might be satisfactorily adjusted and balances struck. We are not apprised whether the night session succeeded in reaching that point.

The other object is to form the basis and plans of conducting the business of the coming season. In this connection the matter of recasting divisions territorially, will come up. The fixing of rates will also be discussed.

There were three sessions of the association yesterday, and the deliberations will doubtless continue several days.

Dalton Dots.

—Miss Mary Connally, of Atlanta, is here.

—Several of the "young ones" are to be indicted for abstracting flowers from the bouquet sent to Atlanta.

—A Dalton lady says she could sell one hundred pounds of butter a day if she had it.

—Miss Rowena and Master Frank Reynolds gave a young folks party on Tuesday night and everything passed off delightfully.

—The ladies have given pet names to some of our male belles, such as "the strawberry blonde," "the peach blossom blonde," the "brunette," "the lovely thing." "his highness, the king," etc.

—The ladies will turn out en masse next Tuesday evening to hear Gen. Colquitt. He is very popular with them.

P. at Fulton.

—We hear that, probably commencing next Sunday, an important change, will be made in the schedule of the Southwestern and Central trains. The idea is to leave Savannah about 6 o'clock in the morning and reach Columbus early next morning and return that day. It is also stated the time from Savannah to Atlanta via Macon will be shortened to ten hours. Columbus Enquirer.

—We understand that the Central railroad will, at an early day, begin the running of a fast tr in from Savannah to Macon and Atlanta. The train will leave Savannah about 5 o'clock in the evening and will reach Atlanta about the same time in the morning—making the run of nearly 300 miles in about 12 hours.—Macon Telegraph and Messenger.

—The Magnolia passenger route has perfected a twelve hour schedule to be run between Savannah and Atlanta. This will beat any schedule ever run between the cities named. Solid trains will be run through via the Magnolia route.—Augusta Constitutionalist.

YELLOW JACK.

ITS REPORTED APPEARANCE IN SAVANNAH AND CHARLESTON.

Consternation in Augusta.

SCON Telegraph.

Very distressing reports regarding the prevalence of yellow fever in Savannah were in circulation in this city yesterday evening, and they seem partly confirmed by our telegraphic news this morning It was reported that there were 18 deaths day before yesterday and 70 yesterday. This we think exaggerated.

Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel.

Yesterday morning rumors were current to the effect that yellow fever was prevailing in an epidemic form in Savannah. A prominent gentleman received a letter from his son in that city, stating that there had been forty deaths during the week, and nine de ths and thirteen new cases during the past thirty hours. Later, he received a telegram from the same source announcing that the Savannah board of health had held a meeting the night previous, and declared the disease existing in the form of an epidemic. Another telegram stated that the mortality was increasing, and that the sender would forward his family to Augusta immediately. Another gentleman received a letter, stating that there had been sixteen deaths from yellow fever. In the afternoon a telegram was received, announcing that there had been a hundred cases and nine deaths.

Hearing these various reports, Dr. W H Foster, Chairman of the board of health, telegraphed to the mayor of Savannah, asking for information in regard to the disease. A short time afterwards he received a reply that the disease existed in a sporadic form in the eastern portion of this city. Under the circumstances he deemed it best to call a meeting of the Board of health and that body accordingly met in the superior court room at half past six o'clock.

The chairman said the meeting had been called in consequence of well authenticated rumors that yellow fever existed in Savannah in an epidemical form. Dr. W H Foster had the particulars in reference to the matter. Dr. Foster said hearing this morning reports of yellow fever in Savannah, he telegraphed the mayor of that city and received the following reply:

"Sporadic cases here; occurred in the eastern portion of the city. Prompt steps have been and are taken to prevent further extension.

"E. C. ANDERSON, Mayor."

That was the only official communicat on he had to lay before them, but he had heard well founded rumors to the effect that the disease was raging in an epidemical form in Savannah.

Judge Levy hoped our city would be spared from the infliction of yellow fever, but an ounce of prevention was worth a pound of cure. Every precaution should be taken. He offered the following resolution:

Whereas, Official information is in the possession of this body that yellow fever is prevailing in our sister city of Savannah; and,

Whereas, It is of the most vital importance to this community that every sanitary measure most rigidly enforced—especially as to the proper ventilation of railroad cars and steamboats at a suitable distance from this city by careful inspection—to the end that its introduction into this city may be prevented;

Resolved, That his honor the mayor be requested to appoint Dr W. H. Foster, chairman of the board of health, temporarily, to see to the inspection of all cars and steamboats coming into this city from the city of Savannah.

Dr Campbell said he fully approved of what Dr Foster and Judge Levy had said. There being no cases, or fewer cases of malarial fever at this time, instead of quieting our apprehensions should be looked upon rather as an ill omen. Not that he believed there was any particular danger at this time. It is certain that yellow fever never originated in Augusta. He believed that a trunk of air brought to Augusta from Charleston or Savannah would initiate yellow fever, while twenty men sick with it would not inaugurate it in a section where it did not exist. Of course this was merely his own opinion. He did not believe that a man could communicate yellow fever to a nother any more than a man struck by lightning could communicate that to another. He believed that the proposition to enforce the city law in regard to opening cars 20 miles from the city was an admirable one and sufficient to prevent the introdue ion of the disease. Particular care should be taken with freight cars. They should be opened and bulk broken for the introduction of fresh air. In all cases where the epidemic commences infected air is brought in by some means—in trunks, hat boxes or some other way. The germs then grew and fructify and spread through the community. If we carry out the plain proposition laid down by Dr. Foster, and embodied in the resolution offered by Judge Levy, everything needed to prevent the introduction of yellow fever would be accomplished. Cars should be well ventilated before reaching the city Perhaps it would be better to keep out sleeping cars altogether. He agreed with Dr. Foster as to the cleanly condition of the city. He saw no use to quarantine individuals. A case of yellow fever was not a case of infection.

Dr. Foster said it was a debatable ground as to whether a person going from an infected community to another could communicate the germs of diseases.

Dr. Campbell said he had understood from good authority that there had been sixteen deaths from yellow fever in Savannah.

The mayor said he was glad that such prompt action had been taken, and he would take pleasure in seeing it carried out. He heard some two weeks ago that there was yellow fever in Charleston, but he afterwards learned that there was none there. The city was in excellent condition. Dr Foster had been untiring in his exertions.

Judge Levy thought Dr. Campbell's suggestion in regard to sleeping cars should be adopted.

The mayor said there were more facilities for ventilating sleeping cars than others.

Judge Levy's resolution was adopted and the board adjourned.

The Excursion Next Week—Pretty Girls.

We called at Capt. Chipley's office yesterday for the latest in regard to the Vinci is Midland's eighth excursion which leaves on next Tuesday, the 5th of September, but found the captain absent having been called south to be gone until Friday afternoon. His assistant showed us a goodly list which was steadily increasing. Here is how a Columbus local raves about the party. The notice is from the Enquirer of Tuesday last:

"Parties who have accompanied Capt Chipley on his centennial excursions speak in such glowing terms of his management, that the eighth excursion to leave on September 5th will have 25 to 30 Columbus people in it. Our senior will have eight or ten young ladies immediately under his charge, and the number is daily increasing, and we would not be surprised to see him leave in command of twenty ladies. Oh, how he wish we were boss of such a party, or could even accompany them. Can't they pay their pro rata and take us along? If we could even borrow, we would most assuredly bring up the rear rank of the nymphs.

FAST TRAINS.

Quick Connection Between Savannah and Atlanta.

Savannah News.

It gives us great pleasure to announce that the authorities of the Central railroad are

ABOUT TO INAUGURATE

a movement which will contribute largely to the prosperity of Savannah and remove any existing impression that the road is controlled by the ideas of a past decade. The proposed change, together with a similar improvement in the ocean service of the road—in the way of fast steamers thoroughly adapted to our river navigation—will do much towards advancing the commercial and traveling interests of our city. With the Port Royal road on one side, and the Macon and Brunswick on the other, the astute policy of the Central has lost much trade and travel naturally tributary to Savannah.

TO ATLANTA IN THIRTEEN HOURS.

Now, however, we understand, that Savannah is to have connection with Atlanta on a thirteen hour schedule—a feat easily and safely accomplished over the Central line, with its fine road bed and new rails generally admitted to be the best in the south, and with officers and engineers not surpassed in the Union. Supplement this change with a through line of sleepers from Savannah to Chicago and St. Louis, and a good line of steamers to New York, and the Central will become the most popular and prosperous line of travel to the south.

Kimball House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 30, 1876

S S Solomon, Charleston; Wm A Wright, Augusta; R B Goudine, R B Brown, wife, two children and nurse, Savannah; R G Fleming, Augusta; Capt Jno A Grant, Macon; A B Marks, New York; J C Porter, Columbus; T S Davant, Augusta; R B Jenkins, Selma; B F Reese, J F Holcombe, Talbotton; Jas P Williams, Union Springs; Bradbury Williams, Ga: A Pope, N C; W H Whisett, Greenville S C; Capt Wm L Lumpkin, Dalton; W H Parker, Chattanooga; John R Johnson, wife and son, Savannah; Miss Sallie Edwards, Miss Cora Edwards, Ga; R Douglass, Augusta; C M Clarke, Salisbury N C; S Haas, Richmond; Wm Goodwin, city; Hon B H Hill, Athens; B K Johnson, Augusta; E J Clapp, Savannah; J H White, New York; John D Cunningham, city; W F Wilson, Griffin, Ga; J W Gloss, G Jordan, S D Hubbard, jr, Montgomery, Ala; D C Hill and family, Washington, Ga: Theo Sterne, New York; Sidney Herbert, Chattanooga; Hon Jno P King, Augusta, Ga; J W Watts, Alabama; P W Peterson, Boston; Sam Barnett, Washington, Ga.

Old Si Explains a Point.

Old Si was invited to a negro meeting the other night and his answer was:

"What I be foolin' 'way my time gwine dar fur, say?"

The objects of the meeting were rehearsed.

"What I keer 'bout a nigger gwine fur ter make er speech? Wuzn't I up dar de odder night when dat nigger say dat de Lord neber went fur to make a dimmycrat nigger? Now what he know 'bout dat?

"Kase taint natter I far a nigger fer be a dimmycrat, dat's why."

"Taint, hey? No, ner taint natural fur a nigger to be hongry, but de Lord kno's dat when a nigger's hongry dat nigger's a dimmycrat.—how 'bout dat?"

The crowd saw the point and moved on silently.

Senator Gordon and Hon. Ben. H. Hill left the city yesterday, their destination being South Carolina. They propose, it is company partly with Hon. Zeb Vance, of North Carolina, to canvass the state in behalf of the democratic ticket. The true people of South Carolina need to be encouraged and aided in the efforts to throw off the yoke of the oppressor. Let Hill and Gordon make the welkin ring with plain facts given to that purpose.

NOTICE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD & BANKING CO. OF GEORGIA,
ATLANTA, GA., AUGUST 14, 1876
Transportation Office Central Railroad, Atlanta Division.

FOLLOWING consignments are unclaimed and if not called for within the next 30 days from date, will be sold for charges due, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, viz:

9 pieces earthen ware, consignee, Mrs. Benson.
1 field steamer and pipe, consignee T. P. Bishop
1 sofa, consignee Mrs. H. M. Colquitt.
1 box, consignee T. A. Candler.
1 thresher with 4 pole, 1 pair axles, 4 wheels, 1 horse power complete, consigned to S. A. Echols.
1 lot waggon timbers, consigned to Jas F. Gower.
1 iron safe, consigned to Hall's Safe and Lock Company.
1 [illegible] marked [illegible] consigned to D. McBride.
4 box m'dse, consignee J. L. Murphy.
1 bbl whisky, consigned W. L. Norman & Co.
1 grist mill, consignee W. H. Porter.
1 pk shed, consignee J. H. Porter.
1 package wood in shape, consignee H. F. Raddell.
2 boxes, consignee H. E. Schatz.
1 box mdse, consignee Braddell & Co.
boxes child. carriages, Stewart, Wood & Fain.

R. SCHMIDT,
Agent
aug16—d1swtin

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT.

ATLANTA, GA. August 30, 1876.

Cotton dull at 10c for middlings.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Money easy; offered at 1@1½.

Sterling dull at [illegible]

Gold weak at 109¾.

Governments active at better prices; new fives 115¾.

State bonds quiet.

Stocks active and a little lower; New York Central 106½; Erie 11½; Lake Shore 58¾; Illinois Central 88; Pittsburg 91½; Chicago and Northwestern 36½; preferred 69; Rock Island 103¼.

Sub-treasury balances—gold $84,953,064; currency 23,208,549. The sub-treasurer paid out $34,000 on account of interest and for bonds $1,500.

Customs receipts to-day $340,000.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 103 bales; uplands 11¾; Orleans 12 1-16.

Futures opened a shade easier; September 11¾@11 9-16; October 11¾@11 13-32; November 11¾@11 9-32; December 11¾@11 3-32; January 11¾@11 15-32; February 11 9-16@11¾.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Cotton:

NEW YORK, August 30.—Cotton firm; sales 1,458 bales at 11¾@11 9-16.

Net receipts 147 bales; gross 1,529.

Futures closed steady; sales 14,000 bales; August 11 21-32; September 11 13-32@11 9-16; October 11¾; November 11 11-32; December 11 5-16@11¾; January 11¾@11 13-32; February 11¾; March 11 25-32; April 11 15-16; May 12 1-16.

GALVESTON, August 30.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11¾; net receipts 514 bales; sales 542.

NEW ORLEANS, August 30.—Cotton quiet and easy; middlings 11¾; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 9¾; net receipts 393 bales; gross 393 sales 700; exports coastwise 317.

MOBILE, August 30.—Cotton inactive; middlings 11; net receipts 27 bales; gross 476; sales 50

CHARLESTON, August 30.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¾; net receipts 48 bales; sales 25.

SAVANNAH, August 30.—Cotton quiet; quotations revised; middlings 10¾; net receipts 651 bales; sales 90.

AUGUSTA, August 30.—Cotton firm; middlings 10¾@10¾; net receipts 53 bales; sales 51.

WILMINGTON, August 30.—Cotton steady; middlings 11; net receipts 72 bales; sales 4.

NORFOLK, August 30.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11¾; net receipts 262 bales; exports coastwise 400; sales 25.

BALTIMORE, August 30.—Cotton dull; middlings 11½; net receipts none; gross 26 bales.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—Cotton dull; middlings 12; net receipts none; gross 66 bales.

BOSTON, August 30—Cotton quiet; middlings 12¾; net receipts 150 bales; gross 168.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 30, 1876.

H W Arnold, C W Johnson, Ga; J R Ridgile